

Guaranteed
Quality
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Moutrie
PIANOS

The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845



February 13, 1923, Temperature 60

Barometer 29.76

Rainfall 0.00 inch

Humidity 96

February 13, 1923, Temperature 64

No. 18,799. 二拜禮 號三十月二年三十二百九千一英

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1923 日八廿月二十年三十二百九千一英

PRICE: \$3.00 Per Month.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

MOUTRIE PIANOS

GUARANTEED
FOR SEVEN YEARS

(GOOD FOR A LIFETIME)

CATALOGUE ON REQUEST

S. MOUTRIE & CO., LTD.
CHATER ROAD

YEE SANG FAT CO.

Gent's Fine

FELT HATS

LATEST STYLE.

New Model

TRIMMED MILLINERY

PARISIAN STYLE.

YEE SANG FAT CO.

TRIALS SOLICITED BY
JAMES STEER
THE CHRONOMETER AND WATCH MAKER
(Contractor to H. M. Naval Yard.)
9, 10c HOUSE STREET, HONGKONG.

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TAILORS

ALEXANDRA BUILDING, DES VORUX ROAD.

DONNELLY & WHYTE.
WINE MERCHANTS.
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MEE WAH KNITTING & DYEING CO.
General Knitter & Dyer.
Manufacturers of Woollen Slippers, Jerseys, Sweaters &
all kinds of Underwear.
No. 6-10, Causeway Bay. Telephone Central 1301.
Manager: YEUNG POKWAN.

SWATOW TRADING CO.
Tel. Central 3303. 8, Hongkong Hotel Building
MANUFACTURERS
of Handmade Chinese Linen Drawn-work and Embroideries
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF SILK GOODS.
Mandarin Costumes of Various Design and Pattern-wares.

Tel. No. 711. **THE HANG LEE CYCLE CO.** Tel. No. 711.
39, Haiphong Road, Kowloon. (next to Palace Hotel)
SEND A PLEASANT AFTERNOON BY
HIRING ONE OF OUR NEW BICYCLES.
LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S CYCLES AND
TANDEMS
FOR HIRE OR SALE.
ENGLISH PALMER TYPE AND BICYCLE ACCESSORIES.

TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reuter's Service the China Mail.)

RUHR EMBARGO.

ALL ARRANGEMENTS MADE.

TUG OF WAR INTENSIFIED.

PARIS, February 12.

The newspapers emphasize the importance of the embargo on exports from the Ruhr to Germany and state that all arrangements have been made to ensure that goods intended for neutrals and the Allies shall reach their destination. There will be a system of export licences which will counter any attempt by the Ruhr magnates to evade the order by sending goods into Germany through foreign countries.

It is very probable that a further order will be made placing the sale of Ruhr products in the hands of occupation authorities. Special privileges will be granted to German manufacturers agreeing to cooperate with the Allies.

EXPULSIONS AND ARRESTS.

LONDON, February 12.

Despatches from correspondents in the occupied territory show that the Franco-German tug of war is becoming intensified. People are being expelled and arrested in larger numbers than ever, including burgomasters, all classes of officials, persons and schoolmasters. About half the chief daily newspapers published in unoccupied Germany are not allowed in the Ruhr and about half the newspapers in the occupied one are at present suspended.

BIG RELIEF MEASURES.

The Germans on their part are endeavouring to strengthen the resistance of their compatriots by big relief measures for the Ruhr Relief Fund. Berlin alone collected 1,600 million marks apart from Government help which means many thousands millions more and the help of the industrial magnates who are staking a large part of their resources on the success of the fight.

FRESH GERMAN PROTEST.

BERLIN, February 12.

It is semi-officially stated that the German Government has protested in London, Paris and Brussels against the "illegal" ordinance of the Inter-Allied Rhineland commission declaring that the Germans complying with the Commission's regulations will be protected against prosecution by the German authorities and infractions of the ordinance will be punishable by a fine not exceeding fifty million marks and imprisonment for five years.

BRUSH WITH GERMAN POLICE.

BERLIN, February 12.

A motor car in which were two French officers and a German chauffeur was held up at Gelsenkirchen by policemen because it was not provided with a rear lamp. The officers alighted and disarmed the policemen and a detachment of police which arrived was fired on by the officer who wounded one. The motor car sped off and one policeman fired wounding both officers who were sent to hospital with the wounded policeman.

PARIS, February 12.

The inter-Allied High Commissioner at Coblenz has decided that exports from the Rhineland to unoccupied Germany may only be effected by a special authorisation issued at Crefeld, Cologne, Mayence or Ludwigshafen.

It is announced that Belgian troops will to-morrow occupy Wesel and Emmerich, the latter being a customs station for Holland.

"REPUBLIC'S EXISTENCE AT STAKE."

BERLIN, February 12.

Herr Ebert in a speech said that every German was conscious that the existence of the German Republic was at stake but "if we unite our forces we shall overcome the latest attack on our national life."

BOXING

SIKI'S SUSPENSION ANNULLED.

PARIS, February 12.

The Boxing Federation has annulled Siki's suspension.

BECKETT-SMITH FIGHT POSTPONED.

LONDON, February 12.

The Beckett-Smith fight has been postponed on account of an injury to Beckett's hand and a fresh date has not been fixed.

SHIP'S OFFICER CONVICTED.

REMAINED FOR MEDICAL OBSERVATION.

Reginald Reddiffe, who said that he was formerly second officer of the s.s. "Haitong," appeared on remand before Mr. R. E. Russell to-day on a charge of larceny of \$100 and a brown overcoat on January 31 from Mr. Allen, the third officer of the ship. At the first hearing it was stated that \$60 was found on defendant when

arrested; he was wearing the coat at the time.

Mr. M. H. Turner who appeared for the defence said that it was worth noting in this case that the defendant must have known that in a Colony of this sort a European would be bound to be instantly detected and arrested if he had committed a felony.

The Magistrate said that there was no reason whatever to doubt the evidence given by the prosecution in this case. Undoubtedly, a larceny had been committed. He was not satisfied with the mentality of the defendant and proposed to remand

him in Victoria Jail for three days in order that he might be under medical observation.

The case was remanded till Saturday, his Worship stating that a conviction was recorded against defendant and the amount found on him would be returned to the complainant.

Miss Mund Hall, of Otway St. Mary, Devon, was thanked by the magistrates at Birmingham for presenting a young man who put his arm round her waist when she was walking.

THE DOLLAR.

To-day's closing rate 2/2 13/16

To-day's opening rate 2/2 13/16

LATEST IRISH SHOOTING.

RELATIVE OF MR. TIM HEALY KILLED.

LONDON, February 12.

Mr. O'Higgins, the Coroner of Queen's County was shot dead at Maryborough last night. He was a brother-in-law of Mr. Tim Healy, the Free State Governor General, and father of the Free State Home Minister.

REPUBLICANS' OFFICE REOPENS.

LONDON, February 12.

The central offices of the Republicans which the Free Statists closed in November has been reopened at Dublin.

Mary Macswiney who was recently released from Mountjoy prison has been placed in charge.

MARY MACSWINEY ARRESTED AGAIN.

LONDON, February 12.

Police raided the republican offices in Dublin and rearrested Mary Macswiney.

BRITISH TRADE

FIGURES FOR JANUARY.

LONDON, February 12.

The Board of Trade returns for January are: Imports \$99,500,000, exports nearly \$67,000,000. The increase are \$4,750,000 and \$3,000,000 respectively compared with December.

M.C.C. IN SOUTH AFRICA.

JOHANNESBURG, February 12.

In unsettled weather before ten thousand spectators on a good wicket with two short interruptions on account of rain England made 294 for 5. Ras-ell contributed 90 with an attractive innings which included a dozen fours in 183 minutes. Sandham made 58 in a useful defence with good timing. Woolley made 80 unfinished.

FUTURE OF MEMEL.

PROBABLY GOING TO LITHUANIA.

PARIS, February 12.

It is foreshadowed that Memel will shortly be handed over to Lithuania following the conference of ambassadors, to-day's meeting of which noted the Allied committee's report from Memel showing that the Allies' demands were satisfactorily carried out.

HIS MAJESTY'S THOROUGHBREDS.

NEW MANAGER APPOINTED.

LONDON, February 12.

Major Fetherstonhaugh has been appointed Manager of the King's Thoroughbred stud replacing Lord Marcus Buresford.

LATEST FRENCH MOVE.

LONDON, February 12.

The latest French suggestion concerning the transit of coal across the British zone to the Rhineland is that Britain should hand over to France six miles of railway in the corner of the British zone. It is understood, however, that Britain entertains political objections thereto.

BRITISH DEBT AND U.S. SHIPPING BILL.

WASHINGTON, February 12.

Senator Jones, Chairman of the Commerce Committee, suggests joint consideration of the British debt and the Shipping Bill. It is understood that the Republican leaders have approved.

HEROIC RELIEF WORK.

ATHENS, February 12.

The Greek War Cross has been awarded to American women doctors, Mabel Elliott and Esther Lovejoy for heroic relief work in Asia Minor. This is the first time the cross has been conferred on a woman.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

"Woollies"

Made of pure wool in the fashionable loose knit.

An ideal garment for wear under Coat when heavy. Overcoat is not required.

Stocked in shades of Grey, Canary, Purple, Blue, Fawn and Mixtures.

\$15.00 and \$18.50 each.



MACKINTOSH

& CO., LTD.

Men's Wear Specialists.

Alexandra Building.

Des Voeux Road.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

THE PHARMACY (FLETCHER & CO., LTD.)

Dispensing Chemists

has removed to No. 2 Queen's Road Central

(The Red Building, opposite the American Express Co.)



DISTINCTIVE

FURNITURE

MADE TO YOUR OWN DESIGN

THE SINCERE CO., LTD.

ECONOMY IN COAL.

Fuchun Lump Coal stands for economy in coal rates. All kinds of coal have a large percentage of dust which are practically wasted. The dust in FUCHUN Lump turns into lump as soon as they are cast into boilers. Fuchun lump coal burns gradually and is therefore a decided ECONOMY.

HING IP & CO.

Coal Merchants & Contractors. 37, Queen's Road Central, Tel. Central 574. Cable address: Hing Ip. Sole Agents for Fuchun Coal. We stock in our godowns 15 grades of other Fuchun Coal.

JUST OPENED on Jan. 19th 1923

FOOK WENG & Co.,

Astor House Building, No. 13 Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

MANUFACTURERS

Of Sewing Machine Works and Canton Embroideries. Dealers in all kinds of silk goods of the Best Quality. Wools, dresses and every kind of Ladies' undergarments from the Latest French patterns. Hand made lace and motifs of every description. Mandarin Costumes of various designs, and largest stocks of Best Shawls, Brass, cloisonne, Ivory, Pewter and Porcelain wares. Fancy goods, Toys and Carous. Etc. Etc.

Price Moderate. INSPECTION INVITED.

GINS & LIQUEURS

FROM

ERVEN LUCAS BOLS.

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.

15, Queen's Road Central.

Tel. Central 74.

We are manufacturers of
Felt Hats, Straw Hats,
Linen Hats, Topies, etc.

Manufactured in
HONGKONG
by the

NAM YUET HAT FACTORY.
27-29, Shamshing Road.

THE YUEN WO STORE

Harbour Repairs.

Engineering & Building Contractors, General Repairs & Shipbuilders.
Office No. 25, Tsim Sha Street. Phone Central 2820.
Workshop Canton Road, Kowloon. Phone Kowloon 731.
Prop. T. J. LEUNG. Manager K. Y. LEUNG.

Hughes & HoughCivil Contractors, General
Auctioneers and Brokers.**PUBLIC AUCTIONS****INTIMATIONS****HONGKONG WOMEN'S GUILD AND
MINISTERING CHILDREN'S LEAGUE.**

The total proceeds of the Bazaar held in November, and of Entertainments held during the year 1922, amount to \$20,251.29. This sum has been allocated by the Committee as follows:—

Home Charities.	
Hongkong Clots at M.C.L.	\$340
Home Ottershaw, Surrey	
Tratlar Home for	170
Orphans, Portsmouth.	
Merchant Service Guild,	
Fund for Widows and	
Orphans.....	170
The Royal Soldiers	
Daughters' Home, Hamp-	
stead	170
The Orphan Homes of	
Scotland (Quarriers) ..	135
Officer's Families Fund ..	70
"Evelina" Hospital for	
Children, Southwark	
London E.C.....	200
The Children's Ward of the	
London Hospital	200
Society for Providing	
Homes for "Waifs and	
Strays".....	50
The Shaftesbury Homes	
and "Aethusa" Train-	
ing Ship.....	50
Total	\$1,555
or	\$12,980.86
Local Charities.	
French Convent	100.00
Italian Convent	350.00
"Netherole" Hospital ..	900.00
The Ying Wa Girls' School	
(L.M.S. Training School)	
Barter Mission Day	
Schools	400.00
Village School Fund (Miss	
Fitte)	600.00
Fairlea School (C.M.S.)	
Bonham Road	400.00
C.M.S. Victoria Home and	
Orphanage (Miss Storr)	
C.M.S. Blind Home, Kow-	
loon	1,100.00
C.M.S. Blind Home, Kow-	
loon	1,000.00
Held in reserve for the pro-	
posed	2,000.00
Industrial Home for Girls,	
Kowloon City	2,000.00
Total	\$7,050.00
Grand Total	\$20,251.29
Balance in hand ..	220.49
	\$20,251.29

Acting President. Mrs. Severn.
Hon. Secretary. Mrs. Dyer Ball.
Acting Hon. Treas. Mrs. Roffey.

English Ladies' and Gentlemen's Footwear



THE TIN YIN HONG CO.

17, Paterson St., Central.
Every purchaser will be entitled to one of our brushes and shoe cream gratis.

G. E. WARREN & CO., LTD.

SANITARY ENGINEERS
MONUMENTALISTS

Offices and Godowns,
88a, Wanchai Road, Hongkong.
Tel. Central No. 209

Large stock of
BATHS and BATH ROOM
FITTINGS.

LAVATORY BASINS, FLUSH
CLOSETS.

COMMUNES, BEDS, &c., &c.

OPEN & CLOSED STOVES, COOKING
RANGES, TILED GRATES.

AMERICAN & ITALIAN MARBLE
MEMORIALS—Also in polished
Hongkong Granite.

A large selection of Artificial
Wrists.

Prices on Application.

INTIMATIONS.**UNION WATERBOAT COMPANY,
LIMITED.****NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.**

THE EIGHTEENTH ANNUAL
GENERAL MEETING of Share-
holders will be held at the Offices of
Messrs. DODWELL & COMPANY, LIMITED,
on THURSDAY, the 15th February,
1923, at 11.30 a.m. for the purpose of
receiving the report of the General
Managers together with a statement of
accounts to 31st December, 1922.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the
Company will be closed from the 5th
to 15th February 1923, both dates
inclusive.

DODWELL & COMPANY, LIMITED,
General Managers.
Hongkong, February 5, 1923.

**GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO.,
LIMITED.**

THE THIRTY-FOURTH OR-
DINARY ANNUAL MEETING
OF THE SHAREHOLDERS in the
Company will be held at the Offices of
the Company, St. George's Buildings,
Chater Road, Victoria, Hongkong, on
FRIDAY, the 23rd day of February,
1923, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon for
the purpose of receiving a Statement of
Account and Report of the Directors
for the year ending 31st December,
1922, and declaring a dividend.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the
Company will be closed from Wednes-
day the 14th February, 1923, until
Friday the 23rd February, 1923, both
days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,

General Managers.

Hongkong, February 9, 1923.

**HONGKONG & SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that
the ORDINARY YEARLY
MEETING of the Shareholders in this
Corporation will be held at City Hall,
Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 24th
February 1923, at Noon, for the pur-
pose of receiving the Report of the
Court of Directors together with a
statement of accounts for the year
ending 31st December, 1922.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the
Corporation will be closed from Monday
12th February to Saturday 24th
February 1923 (both days inclusive)
during which period no transfer of
shares can be registered.

By order of the Court of Directors,
A. G. STEPHEN,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, February 5, 1923.

**THE HONGKONG ROPE MANU-
FACTURING COMPANY, LTD.**

THE THIRTY-NINTH ORDINARY
ANNUAL MEETING OF
SHAREHOLDERS in the above COM-
PANY will be held at St. George's
Building, Chater Road, Victoria, on
TUESDAY, the 27th February 1923,
at 11 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of
receiving a statement of accounts and
the report of the General Managers for
the year ending 31st December, 1922,
and electing a Consulting Committee
and Auditors.

The Transfer Books of the Company
will be closed from SATURDAY the
17th February, 1923, until TUESDAY,
27th February, 1923, both days in-
clusive.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, February 8, 1923.

**HONGKONG FOOTBALL
ASSOCIATION.****INTERPORT GAME.**

Hongkong v. Shanghai
Saturday, February 17th.
Club ground. Kick off at 4 p.m. sharp.
South China Athletic v. Shanghai
Monday, February 19th.
Club ground. Kick off at 4 p.m. sharp.

Admission to Stands.—Both games.
Covered (All reserved) \$2. Unreserved \$1.
(Reserved) \$1.50. Unreserved \$1.
Chairs 50 cents.

Soldiers and Sailors in uniform
half price to all the unreserved seats.
Booking for the Reserved accom-
modation opens at Modrie's on
the 5th inst.

Hongkong, February 1, 1923.

WING FAT CHEUNG

SHAWDOO CARDS (MA 1000)
FOR SALE. CARRIED MADE OF
IVORY AND FINE BONE.
No. 376, Queen's Road Central.
BRANCH
No. 38, Man Ham Street East.

INTIMATIONS.**MARINE ENGINEERS' GUILD OF
CHINA.**

Hongkong Branch.

MEMBERS are informed that the Regular
Monthly Meeting will be held at the
Guild Office, on WEDNESDAY, 14th Febru-
ary, 1923, at 5 o'clock P.M.

Important Correspondence
and General Business.

W. J. STOKES,
Branch Secretary.
Hongkong, February 12, 1923.

H.K.C.C. TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

MEMBERS and Subscribers are re-
minded that entries close on 15th
February 1923, and the Tournament
begins on 1st March 1923.

By Order,
E. J. R. MITCHELL,
Hon. Secretary, H.K.C.C.

Hongkong, February 12, 1923.

G. R.**NAVY CONTRACTS 1923-1924.**

SEALED TENDERS, in duplicate,
for supply of the undermentioned
Stores for H. M. Naval Service at
Hongkong during the period 1st
April, 1923 to 31st March, 1924 will
be received by the Commodore, H.M.
Naval Yard, until noon on MONDAY,
the 5th March, 1923:—

FRESH BEEF.
" VEGETABLES.
FROZEN MEAT,
SOFT BREAD,
BISCUIT,
RICE,
SUGAR.

Forms of Tender and any neces-
sary information may be obtained
on application to the Victualling
Store Officer, H. M. Naval Depot,
Kowloon.

The right to reject the lowest or
any tender is reserved.

H. M. NAVAL DEPOT,
KOWLOON.

February 12, 1923.

FOOK SUN FOR SALE.

Panama Hats, Felt Hats,
Straw Hats and all kinds
of Hats.
HATS CLEANED A SPECIALITY.
No. 80, Wellington Street.

**WANT
ADVERTISEMENTS**

25 WORDS & INSERTIONS,
\$1. PREPAID.
Every additional word 4 Cents
for 3 insertions.

WANTED.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED,
with three bedrooms and
modern conveniences, in Hongkong
or Kowloon, for about three months,
July, August, September. No children.
Write X.Y.Z. c/o "China Mail."

TO LET.

TO LET.—Two Airy Office Rooms
on top floor of 6, Queen's Road
Central. Apply to Gande, Price &
Co., Ltd.

TO LET.—One European Flat in
"Lee Building" Wanchai Gap
Road, apply to 32, Kennedy Road,
Hongkong.

TO LET.—From beginning April (for
One Year). Furnished. "WELL-
BURN" 78, The Peak (6 Rooms),
on Motor Road, with Garage,
Tennis Court and Garden. Apply
to H. A. LAMBERT.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—2-seater Citroen Car
1921. Self-starter. Electrical
equipment. Insured till end of year.
£150 or \$1,350 as near as possible.
Apply Box No. 1416, c/o "China
Mail."

FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSON
15, Morrison Hill Road.

THE KWONG KWUI CO.

PHOTO SUPPLIES.

60 Queen's Road Central.

Telephone No. 2170.

Photos of H. R. H. Prince of
Wales landing on sale.

"THE PRODIGAL JUDGE."**CAPITAL CORONET PICTURE.**

Rich in incident and hearty
humour, "The Prodigal Judge,"
which the Vitaphone Company
reckon to be their best picture so
far, is winning the admiration of
Hongkong "kinema" goers at the
Coronet this week. It is a film
version of the story of the same
name by Vaughan Kester and it is
doubtful whether another American
novel could be found which so per-
fectly lends itself to adaptation to
the screen.

The story introduces many
quaint, lovable and picturesque
characters who appeal both to the
heart and to one's sense of humour.
There is that lovable old reprobate
Judge Slocum Price-Tuberville at
the head of the list and Solomon
Mahaffy, who plays Pythias to the
Judge's Damon, is another appeal-
ing figure. Miss Jean Paige who
will be remembered as Jessie Gor-
don in "Black Beauty" stars as the
heroine and a very charming per-
formance she gives.

DUEL WITH LION**COLONIST'S LIFE AND DEATH
STRUGGLE.**

A graphic story of a Kenya settler's
life-and-death struggle with an
infuriated lioness in Tanganyika
territory has been related. Mr. H. H.
R. Hurst, a Kenya settler, well known
in the Uasin Gishu district of the
colony, was staying in November on
a farm near Arusha, in Tanganyika
territory, and was out hunting one
day in company with a small
party of natives. Spotting a
lion some distance away, Mr. Hurst
took a pot shot at it and badly
wounded it; but the lion managed to
make off and take refuge in a thick
bush of scrub. Sending his natives
round to the other side of the bush,
Mr. Hurst instructed them to beat
through and drive the wounded lion
towards him. For a few moments
Mr. Hurst stood there expectantly;
then, with a sudden crashing of the
undergrowth, instead of the wounded
lion, a full-grown lioness sprang into
view and made straight for the
hunter.

While it was yet in mid-air on its
final leap, Mr. Hurst fired, and the
bullet struck the lioness on the should-
er, bringing it to the ground all of
a heap almost at his feet. But before
the hunter had time to reload the
animal had sprung up again, placed
its forepaws on Mr. Hurst's chest, and
bore him to the ground. A fierce
struggle for life then ensued between
man and beast. Mr. Hurst had re-
tained hold of his rifle—a heavy double-
barrelled .375—and this he eventually
managed to ram into the lioness's
gaping mouth and down her throat.
The weapon broke off short at the
stock, leaving the steel barrel in the
animal's maw. The lioness drew away
for a moment, gasping and choking.
But before Mr. Hurst could regain his
feet it had succeeded in ridding itself
of the obstruction and once again

made for its victim, this time picking
him up and shaking him like a terrier
shaking a rat. Just as Mr. Hurst was
losing consciousness, the lioness
suddenly dropped him, and stood for
a moment quivering. Then
blood poured from its mouth,
soaking Mr. Hurst from head
to foot. The lioness took two
or three staggering steps but
finally collapsed a yard or two away.
With one last expiring effort, she half
rose to her feet again, but fell to the
ground for the last time, and died.
The bullet in the side and the ram-
ming of the rifle down the beast's
throat had killed her. The lioness
dead and danger over, Mr. Hurst
fainted, and was found by his natives
and taken back to the farmhouse.
He had been badly bitten in the hip
and groin, and mauled about the
shoulder. Immediate medical atten-
tion had the effect of preventing
blood poisoning.

AT HIS WIFE'S REQUEST

British Soldier in India Tells
How Baby's Own Tablets Have
Helped Their Infant Son.

Corporal A. L. Golding, of the 1st Batt.
Royal Scots, stationed at Trimalgherry,
India, writes:—

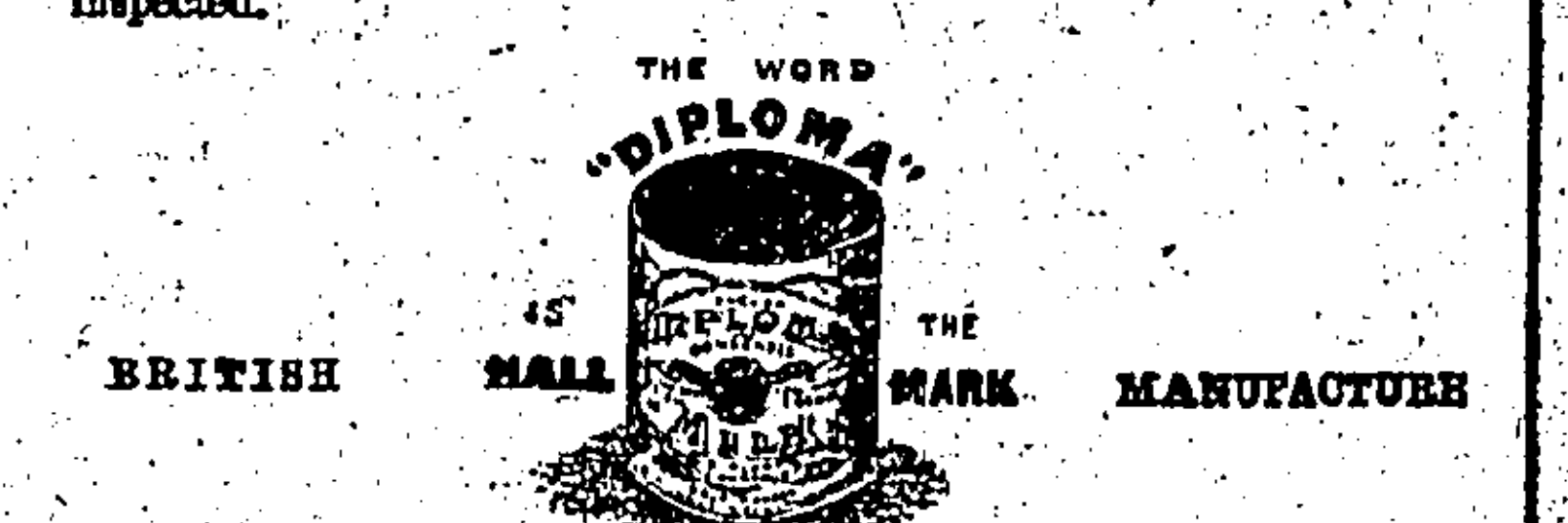
"My wife asks me to inform you that
she has found Baby's Own Tablets
simply invaluable for our baby, now 12
months old, when the child has been
troubled with sleeplessness, constipation,
teething troubles and feverishness."

"Parents everywhere, once they have
tried Baby's Own Tablets for their little
ones, never resort again to the old-
fashioned teething powders and pur-
gatives usually given to children. The
Tablets are easy to administer being
nothing medicinal either in their taste
or appearance. They are guaranteed
absolutely harmless even to the youngest
infant, and give prompt relief in cases
of infantile indigestion, constipation,
colic, diarrhoea, cramp and teething
pains. They also expel worms, prevent
and relieve colds, quickly induce sleep,
refreshing and perfectly natural sleep."

Chemists sell Baby's Own Tablets, or
post free 60 cents per vial, from the Dr.
Williams' Medicine Co., 60 Kings-
road, Shanghai.

THE WHITS UNITED DAIRIES LTD.

DIPLOMA MILK.
This condensed milk is guaranteed to contain all the original fat.
In condensing nothing but water has been taken from it, and only pure
sugar added. The farms from which the milk is collected are constantly
inspected.



DIPLOMA MILK is the cheapest and best and has been
analysed as healthful, nourishing and strength-giving food.

THE BEST FOR INFANTS. ALL CREAM.

SOLE AGENTS FOR SOUTH CHINA:

DAVIE BOAG & CO., LTD.

4A, DES VORUX ROAD.

MICHELIN TYRES.

SOLE AGENTS: BRITTO & CO., LTD. 5, Duddell Street.

You will arise refreshed, full of vigour and energy, if you make it a habit of taking

WATSON'S

Effervescent LIVER SALT

It acts gently on the liver, kidneys and bowels, and eliminates from the system all impurities. It relieves the congested condition arising from sedentary occupations, overwork, errors of diet, etc., etc.

Price \$1.40 per bottle

Sole Agents:

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

Hongkong Dispensary.

ESTABLISHED 1841.

Wm. **Powell** Ltd.
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SPECIAL CLEARANCE

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DISCOUNT.

See-faring Men please note we can now supply the following: Cigarettes, ex bond, at very moderate prices, Sandorites Club, Tofanis Kings Own, Chairman Mags, Cavanders Army Club, Chas. Stewart Post and Present, all best Virginias, and Valdesia Egyptians.

HONGKONG CIGAR STORE,
Alexandra Buildings.

BIRTHS.

HOLLAND—On February 2, 1933, at Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. V. J. B. Holland, a son.
GUTERRES—On February 4, 1933, at Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Guterres, a son.
EITNER—On February 7, 1933, at Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Eitner, a daughter.
SPURGEON—On February 7, 1933, at Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Spurgeon, a daughter (nee Rose Ethel Sullivan).

DEATH.

RIDGE—On Saturday, February 3, 1933, at Peking, Mary Louise, the beloved wife of William Sheldon Ridge, of Peking; formerly of Shanghai, aged 47 years.

MARRIAGE.

SARJEANT-CHASTY—On February 7, 1933, at Holy Trinity Cathedral, Shanghai, Ralph Lionel Sarjeant to Matilda Chasty.

The China Mail.

"TRUTH, JUSTICE, PUBLIC SERVICE"

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, FEB. 13, 1933.

TOWN PLANNING.

Urging better postal facilities for the mainland, the Chairman at yesterday's meeting of the Kowloon Residents' Association, observed that it might just be that this matter had already received the attention of the Town Planning Committee. "But of course," he added, "we do not know for the simple reason that the Government has never seen fit to invite a member of this Association to join that Committee or to acquaint us of anything yet planned." This statement has very important implications which speedily become apparent

when it is remembered that postal facilities represent only one pressing problem. There is, for example, the much wider question of town planning.

Formed following Mr. A. G. Stephen's strong advocacy of scientific town planning during the 1922 supply bill debate, the committee has worked very hard and the results of its labours, the Colony has been told, will be extremely valuable for the next fifty years. According to the Hon. Mr. Claud Severn's budget speech last October, the Committee has hitherto been dealing with the Kowloon peninsula which is being mapped out in detail for the future requirements of a very large population. "Provision is being made for roads, railways, fortifications, wharves, sewage works, slaughterhouses, markets, government buildings, offensive trade areas, residential areas, timber yards, coal yards, recreation grounds, etc." This scheme is manifestly very ambitious and the personnel of the Committee guarantees that it is also practical and thorough. Clearly, Mr. Claud Severn did not exaggerate when he said that the Committee's work was very closely involved with the future development of the Colony and its prosperity.

The Kowloon Residents' Association has amply justified its formation. The Government, with its manifold duties obviously cannot hope to look after everything. That it must welcome the work of the Association is shown by its promptitude with which it acted upon almost every recommendation that body made during the past year. And so long as the Association follows its present policy of being suggestive rather than critical, so long must it command the Government's respect; so long also must it command the support of every Kowloon resident. That is clear. Yet this Association is not only denied the

privilege of having a voice in the councils which are shaping the future of the mainland but is also kept in the dark regarding the schemes proposed, the schemes "closely involved with the future development of the Colony and its prosperity." Any wonder then that the Association is left speculating about postage stamp facilities, that its "suggestive" role is seriously curtailed?

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Mr. Robert L. Smyth, formerly a student interpreter at the American Legation at Peking, has been appointed a vice-consul at Hankow.

Dr. J. V. Scott has just returned to Shanghai after several months business trip to the States. While there he took some special work in dentistry.

For the first time on record during the Chinese New Year holidays dealers in the interior will transport rice to Shanghai at the forthcoming festival, states the Chinese press. It is added that the dealers were requested to do so by the local Rice Dealers' Association, who fear a shortage.

Details are given in our advertisement of a forthcoming auction by Messrs. Lamert Bros. of the whole of the late Mr. R. A. Gubbay's valuable household furniture, mostly made by Lane Crawford Ltd., also collections of silversware, works of art, curios, books, paintings and a piano &c.

Another highway robbery has been reported from Kennedy Road. A Chinese schoolboy was walking with his cousin near Monmouth Path yesterday, when he was attacked by four men who were squatting on the roadside. Jewellery to the value of \$169.50 was stolen. The robbers escaped.

The Military Governor of Shanghai, General Ho Fengling, has received a telegram to the effect that a Presidential Mandate has been issued conferring upon Col. R. Marr Johnson, C.M.C., D.S.O., Commandant of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps, the third class Order of the Wenfu (Lionary Tiger).

We understand, says the N.O. Daily News, that Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co. have acquired an interest in Messrs. Arnold Bros. Co., Ltd. Last autumn, our readers may remember, we announced that negotiations to this end were in progress but that nothing had been concluded. The arrangement is now made as stated above.

The offices of a market fish stall, at No. 48 Lower Lascar Row, a few doors from the leather shop which was robbed some days ago, were entered by four men armed with revolvers at about 3 p.m. yesterday. Taken by surprise, the two partners could offer no resistance. Their hands were tied behind their backs and they were gagged with towels. A gold watch and \$1,000 were taken from the safe during the robbery, which extended for upwards of half an hour.

Mr. R. W. Barney gave an interesting and instructive lecture to a good attendance last night at the Helena May Institute. His subject being "Bees and Wasps." The lecture was illustrated with lantern slides and delivered in such a manner as to be appreciated by the layman. Several species of the insect tribe were described. Mr. Barney confining himself more to a chatty description than a technical lecture. At the conclusion, the Hon. Mr. Claud Severn expressed the thanks of the audience for Mr. Barney's address.

Details are disclosed in the Chinese press of the formation of an opium smuggling combine, whose activities will extend from Bombay all over the Far East to Manchuria. The combine is known as the Opium Smuggling Bureau, and on the authority of a streamer aboard a Japanese steamer plying between Shanghai and Moji, it is stated that it is a Sino-Japanese concern with branches in India, Shanghai, Yokohama, Korea, Kobe and throughout Manchuria.

The death took place on December 29 of the Rev. T. G. Wilkinson, minor canon of Down Cathedral, who was about a year ago by Sir James. They were raising an office in Downpatrick, and Mr. Wilkinson, who was the caretaker's wife, and attacked the ladies with a pot. His life was despaired of for a time, and not being a Roman Catholic, he never fully recovered. He was a son of Sir James Wilkinson, formerly Chief Justice of the British Supreme Court in China.

KOWLOON AFFAIRS.

RESIDENTS' ASSOCIATION MEETS.

EUROPEAN RESERVATION ADVOCATED.

THE HOUSING PROBLEM.

The Kowloon Residents' Association held its annual meeting at St. Andrew's Church Hall, Kowloon, last evening. There was a large attendance of members. The Vice-President (Mr. B. Wylie) occupied the chair and was supported by Mr. W. J. Stokes (Hon. Treasurer) and Mr. A. Morley (Hon. Secretary).

Addressing the meeting at length on the work of the Association during the past year the Chairman said:—
Gentlemen,—In the absence of our President, Mr. C. A. da Rosa, it has fallen to me as Vice-President, to propose the adoption of the report and accounts of this Association, which have been in your hands for some days. Before doing so, however, I think it would be fitting if I were briefly to refer to one or two of the more outstanding subjects which have engaged your Committee's attention during the past year. As will be seen from the report, the scope of our activities has been as wide as is possible having regard to the system under which we are governed. It has been aptly said that "as an Association we have no money and no power," but I think you will agree that in the circumstances we have made every endeavour by means of representation to the Government to improve the amenities of the district in which we live.

Residents of this Colony have not yet the privilege of governing themselves and this Association has, of necessity, had to adopt the attitude of a supplicant. But I am sure that even the Government will agree that we have never asked for anything unreasonable. We have concerned ourselves only with the daily needs of this community, because it was to attempt to improve such that this Association was brought into being. Until the day arrives when residents will have their direct voice in the Councils of the Colony we can only go on asking for this and for that, in the hope that Kowloon will thereby get its fair proportion of consideration by those whose duty it is to recommend the carrying out of public improvements.

HOSPITAL FOR KOWLOON.
You will see that several letters have been addressed to the Government regarding the delay in the construction of the Kowloon Hospital, and the latest phase of this interesting and most-needed development for Kowloon is that tenders for the work of construction have been called for. Whilst the correspondence regarding the Hospital might appear somewhat meagre, I would point out that the subject is one which has often engaged your Committee's attention, and we have come to realize that, in the absence of public clamour and of something stronger than the mere expression of pious hopes, the Government is apparently determined to take its own sweet time in giving to Kowloon this very necessary institution. Since we met last year, it would appear that the cutting down of the site 40 feet below its previous level and the calling for tenders is all that has been accomplished. That is the measure of another year's progress.

SPORTS GROUNDS.
In the matter of facilities for recreation, you will notice that the Association played a part in securing for the Kowloon Football Club a playing field on this side of the harbour, and that, as regards the children, we have obtained additional swings for them in the playground on Chatham Road. We also endeavoured to secure for them extra covered-in accommodation, but our efforts in this connection proved to be fruitless, for it would appear that the site of the present playground is but a temporary one. As your Committee is particularly anxious that the new playground should have a central location, we have recently addressed to the Government a request that on the removal of the playground from its present site the desirability of the new site being central.

Our correspondence also shows that your Committee have considered the question of Kowloon folk having their own bathing facilities, and we are optimistic enough to hope that, when the Government gives the matter its attention in time for the next bathing season, we shall have the facilities we have requested.

TALK KOWLOON.
I do not propose, Gentlemen, to go into the work of the past year at any greater length, because I think the published report and our correspondence largely speaks for itself. You will doubtless have noticed that we have, from time to time, published in the local press a series of our monthly Committee meetings, in procedure which has

ther with the publication already in your hands, was designed to give residents a clear idea of what the Association is doing. But before I pass on to speak of the future, I would like to express the gratification which your Committee felt last October, when the Hon. Mr. A. O. Lang and the Hon. Mr. A. R. Lowe made such lengthy reference to Kowloon matters in their speeches in the Legislative Council on the Budget for this year. I venture to suggest that in the absence of direct representation, the more we talk of Kowloon and its needs, the more likely are we to get others also talking for us.

RENTS ORDINANCE NEEDED.
So far as the future is concerned, your Committee feel that opportunity should be taken at this annual meeting of expressing our gratification at H.E. the Governor's recent announcement that it will shortly be proposed on behalf of the Government that the Rents Restriction Ordinance, will once again be renewed. There can be, I think, no shadow of doubt that, despite all the building that has taken place during the past year, the supply of houses is still far short of the demand, and as long as that is the case it will remain the duty of the Government to protect tenants from becoming the victims of unscrupulous landlords. We therefore welcome the announcement of the Government's intention to re-enact the Ordinance for at least another twelve months. Rumours have been in circulation to the effect that the property-owning interests intend to approach the Government with a request that if the Ordinance is renewed it shall be amended in such fashion as to permit a rental on all houses, bringing in a larger return on capital expenditure than received at present. That, Gentlemen, your Committee regard as a specious attempt to destroy the effectiveness of the Ordinance, and we sincerely trust that the Government will firmly set its face against any such suggestion, and, in fact, against any proposal whatever which will have the effect of weakening the Ordinance. The Ordinance needs no amending; it is fulfilling the objects for which it was designed, and remembering that it was primarily intended to safeguard the interests of tenants, we want no whitening down of its protective character. You will probably have noticed in the newspapers that in Singapore the Rents Ordinance was not renewed this year, and as a consequence, landlords generally substantially increased rentals, in some cases trebling them. Considerable alarm on the part of tenants followed and a petition was sent to the Secretary of State for the Colonies. His reply, however, was that he was unable to differ from the views of the Governor that the Restriction Ordinance should not be renewed. I venture to assert, Gentlemen, that if the Hongkong Ordinance were allowed to lapse we should also witness an exorbitant rise in rentals here, because the demand for accommodation still largely exceeds the supply. It must always be borne in mind that conditions in Hongkong and Singapore are by no means analogous. We have here, within a short distance of the Colony, a huge, restless Chinese community, which is subject to periodic political scares and crises resulting in tens of thousands of people every now and again rushing to Hongkong for safety and protection. That factor of itself is sufficient to cause serious interference with what would be Hongkong's normal demand for housing accommodation, and it needs no prophetic eye to envisage local conditions were these people allowed at any time to out-bid local residents for the possession of their homes. Even if Hongkong were absolutely free from the risk of invasion by wealthy refugees, we should still need the Ordinance under the present conditions of housing shortage, but how much more do we need it in view of the fact that Hongkong is not free from such a risk, especially at the present time. Until there is absolutely no room for doubt that the housing accommodation is adequate to meet local needs, we have a right to the continued protection now given us by this measure. If this Ordinance is to be amended at all, let it be amended in the direction of restricting owners of new property from charging the high rentals they are doing.

When the Ordinance was first passed, it was said that it would have the effect of "rebuilding" building, but the shortage of accommodation has been so acute that building has gone on at an unprecedented pace. Accommodation is still so short that owners of newly-erected houses are demanding and getting rentals ridiculously high in some cases.

A SUGGESTIVE POLICY.
Gentlemen, before I move the adoption of the report and accounts, I would remark that it has been the policy of your Committee during the past year to be suggestive, rather than critical, in its attitude towards the Government, and I would venture to urge that the real work of this Association lies not so much in electing officers and a Committee and then proceeding to manufacture ammunition to fire at the Government, but rather to foster a spirit of civic responsibility whereby every individual of the community becomes keenly interested in the welfare of the district in which he lives. That should be our aim, because it is only by the hearty co-operation of all that an Association such as this can ever hope to achieve the objects for which it was formed. In saying so much, I am tempted to add that in the past the work of the Association has largely fallen on the shoulders of a few, and whilst it is true that it must always be left to a Committee to manage our affairs, it would be distinctly encouraging were that Committee to realize that it had the whole-hearted backing of all residents. There is still room for our membership to be increased and I appeal to every member here, and to every non-member, to take a deep and

even after allowing for the increased social interest in this Association of late is, what has been described as "the inadequate postal facilities in Kowloon." There are at present only two Post Offices on the Peninsula, one being at Tsim Sha-tui and the other at Yau-ma-tei, and it has been felt that, in view of the ever-increasing number of residents, the time has come when Kowloon should be given something better than it has at present. It has been submitted to us that it is time that a big post office was located somewhere in central Kowloon at which every description of post office business could be transacted, and also that there is room for sub-post-offices at Kowloon City and in the neighbourhood of Hung Hom. It would seem obvious that the postal needs of people living in these localities are not being catered for as they should be, especially when we remember that they have to travel miles to procure a postage stamp. I suggest that the incoming Committee should give this matter its early and serious attention.

TOWN PLANNING.
It might just be, however, that this matter of postal services has already received the attention of the Town Planning Committee, which we have been publicly told has put in a lot of good work on this side of the harbour. But of course we do not know, for the simple reason that the Government has never seen fit to invite a member of this Association to join that Committee or to acquaint us of anything yet planned. We say so much in no carping spirit, for we wish the Committee well. But we trust that in laying out Greater Kowloon they have taken pains to avoid such congestion as has already been permitted by the Government in the southern portion of the Peninsula, where almost every little bit of open space between blocks of flats is being built over and valuable "lungs" sacrificed for all time. It would be decidedly interesting also to learn whether the thought has ever occurred to the Town Planning Committee, in order to avoid a repetition of what has been experienced on the middle levels in Hongkong, that a European reservation would be eminently desirable, in what is, I venture to suggest, the largest European residential area in the Colony. On the island side, Europeans have been squeezed out of the best and most accessible districts; in many cases they have been driven into Kowloon flats, and it would be a thousand pities if Kowloon residents—for the most part people of only moderate means—found themselves in a district becoming more and more Chinese. We realize that the question of a reservation is a somewhat ticklish one and we seek to raise no question of racial distinction, but we do assert that there does exist at present grave incompatibilities between native and foreign modes of living. We are rightly jealous of the privilege of living among those of our own kind. The residents of the Peak, the European residents of Cheung Chau and the future residents of Shek-O, with their Country Club and all, are not alone in their possession of such a desire. Peninsular Kowloon is largely a European residential area, and should be so preserved. Perhaps our Town Planning Committee will find time, amidst its other activities, to give this particular aspect of planning its careful attention.

A WATER COMPLAINT.
Mr. H. W. Chaney asked whether there was a shortage of water in Kowloon. There certainly was in his flat.

Mr. Morley explained the negotiations which had taken place with the Government, who had promised to lay a new 18-inch main from Shatin reservoir. He suggested that as the Association had had no other complaint the trouble was purely local and might be traced to the occupants of the floor below.

NOISE COMPLAINT.
Mr. da Silva said he thought they might make some complaint as to the noise created by funeral processions on their way to the Homantin Cemetery. The blasts of the bugles, and the roll of the drums were a "source" of considerable annoyance to residents in the neighbourhood, and he thought they might suggest to the Government that there be a new route to the cemetery.

The Chairman observed that the question would be taken up by the Committee.

A vote of thanks to the retiring officials and Committee was proposed by Mr. McDonald, and enthusiastically carried.

The forthcoming marriage is announced of Mr. W. J. Stokes, Acting Treasurer, to Miss Julia McLaurin, of the youngest son of the late Major Stokes, a well-known figure in the geographical world for his independent journeys and researches in northern Borneo. Miss McLaurin is the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John McLaurin, Trenchard, and is a talented water colour painter. During the war she held an important executive position in a munition factory in the north of England.

NEW OFFICIALS.

The following officials were elected for the coming year:—
President, Mr. D. Purves; Vice-President, Mr. B. Wylie; Hon. Secretary, Mr. T. Martin (in place of Mr. Morley, who is shortly proceeding on leave); Hon. Treasurer, Mr. W. J. Stokes; Committee, Messrs. C. A. da Rosa, R. Packham, J. Johnston, J. D. Anderson, P. P. de V. Soares, W. S. Bailey, G. W. Avenell, Renedios, J. Parsons, J. M. de Castro Brato, O. B. Raven, W. Cook, R. Nichols, Capt. Lauritsen, Dr. H. Balcun, Rev. G. R. Lindsay and Rev. Father Spada.

POLICE AND BURGLES.

At the conclusion of the business of the meeting, the Chairman invited suggestions from members. Mr. McNeil asked whether they could not agitate for better police protection in Kowloon. "I had only been here one week," he said, "when I had two visits from burglars. I reported the matter to the police station that morning at 3.30. Between six and seven o'clock the same morning the news was circulated to the other stations. I have never heard anything more than that. I think myself that the police should not wait to have their morning beat before notifying other stations as to a burglary. When the report is sent in it is for them to get a bit of a hurry on, so that there may be some chance of catching the thief."

Mr. Morley intimated that correspondence had passed between the Association and the police on this matter, and the understood extra police were to have been put on.

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STEAMBOAT COMPANY
MEETING."SUI AN" PIRACY
REFERENCES.

The 103rd ordinary annual meeting of shareholders in the Hongkong, Canton and Macao Steamboat Co., Ltd., was held at the offices of the Company, No. 46, Des Voeux Road Central, at noon today.

The Hon. Mr. B. V. D. Parr presided, and was supported by the Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Sir Robert Ho Tung, Mr. A. O. Lang, Mr. D. G. M. Bernard, Mr. T. G. Weall, Mr. Chau Sing-tung, Mr. J. Arnold (Secretary), and Messrs. N. V. A. Croucher, F. Smyth, J. J. Lossius, A. S. Ellis, Chao Tsun-min, Fung Ping-shan, Ip Wing-chao, Chan Sing-tong, Chan Kit-nin, Li Koon-chung, P. K. Kwok, and A. M. L. Soares, (shareholders).

After the secretary had read the notice convening the meeting the Chairman said:

"Gentlemen,—The annual report and statement of accounts, together with the auditors' report, have been in your hands for some days, and with your permission I will take them as read."

Bearing in mind the fact that from the 13th January until the 6th March, the period of the seamen's strike, the Company's vessels were all laid up, and subsequently business with Macao was paralyzed for 3 months, I trust that you will agree that the result of the year's working is under the circumstances satisfactory.

Your Directors have utilized \$53,192.02 to write down the book value of steamers, lighter, wharves, properties, and office furniture, and have transferred \$25,000 to Equalization of Dividend Fund, \$15,428.57 (representing £1,500 at exchange 2/2 13/16) to Floating Staff Pension Fund. After allowing for the interim dividend of \$1.00 per share paid in August last, there is available for distribution the sum of \$203,493.63, which includes \$41,393.50 brought forward from the previous year. Your Directors recommend that this should be dealt with as follows:—

Payment of a Final Dividend of \$1.00 per share.....	\$ 80,000.00
Payment of a Bonus of \$1.25 per share.....	100,000.00
Payment of a Bonus to Office Staff and Wharfingers.....	3,732.50
Carry forward to new Profit and Loss Account.....	19,767.13
	\$203,493.63

I trust this will meet with the shareholders' approval.

As customary, the market values of shares held in local companies and sterling investments have been adjusted to quotations ruling on 31st December, 1922. You will note that during the past year, the Investment Fluctuation Account has shown an increase of \$201,637.37, due to the rise in values of securities held by the Company and profit realized on sale of shares. From this account your Directors have transferred \$35,417.93, representing profits on sale of shares, to Profit and Loss Account and \$130,000.00 to Depreciation Fund. From this Fund \$160,000.00 has been taken to write down the value of the Company's fleet. This adjustment puts the value of the ships on a proper basis, calculated on their estimated life.

In order to maintain our position in the river trade, your Directors decided to build a new steamer to replace the S.S. "Ho-an", which has been on service continuously since 1881. Tenders were received from five ship-building firms in England, Shanghai and Hongkong, and the contract was awarded to the Hongkong & Whampoa Dock Co., Ltd. The builders hope to have the vessel completed by September of the current year.

Your Directors, acting on the advice of the Company's legal advisers, deemed it desirable that the Company's Articles of Association should be revised and brought up to date and altered in certain respects so as to be more in line with the articles of other public companies in this Colony. The necessary meetings of shareholders were held for this purpose in December last.

I feel it my duty to give expression to the deep regret of the Board at the piracy perpetrated on board the steamer "Sui An" and their deep sympathy with the sufferers and their relatives. The piracy took place on Sunday, 19th November, while the steamer was on a voyage from Macao to Hongkong, and resulted in the death of two Indian armed guards and the wounding of the Captain, two watchmen and three passengers.

The circumstances attending the piracy have been very fully investigated by a Commission appointed by His Excellency The Governor, and this report has now been published.

It is very gratifying to hear that the Commission are satisfied that the ship's Officers conducted themselves in a perfectly satisfactory manner during the piracy, and that "The behaviour of the ship's guards appears to have been excellent."

Certain recommendations are put forward for the amendment of the F. & M. Regulations, and it is to be hoped that alterations that are made will be efficient without constituting a burden on the Company or causing unnecessary inconvenience to passengers. Your Board agree with the concluding paragraph of the Commission's report, which they consider is the crux of the situation:

"Whatever measures are adopted in the Colony to prevent piracy, their success will be only partial until public order is firmly established in the neighbouring Chinese Territories. The root of the evil is outside the waters of the Colony."

I desire to express on behalf of the Directors their appreciation of the very satisfactory work done by the Company's Staff afloat and on shore under more than normally trying conditions, and of the excellent services rendered by our Agents at Canton and Macao during the past exceptionally difficult year. Subject to your approval, the Directors have set aside a bonus for the office staff and wharfingers of \$3,372.50.

I do not think there is anything more that calls for comment, and I now beg to propose the adoption of the report and accounts. After the motion has been seconded, I will be pleased to answer any questions shareholders may wish to put."

In seconding the resolution, Mr. F. Smyth said, Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,—It gives me great pleasure to second the adoption of the Report and Accounts as presented.

After the full and interesting speech of the Chairman there is little or useful for me to add. The shareholders are to be congratulated on the figures. Considering the continuous labour troubles, the political unrest and the chaotic conditions in the neighbouring Provinces during the past year, the results obtained are more than satisfactory and reflect great credit on the Directors and management. To all who have laboured so well in producing such excellent results the shareholders are greatly indebted.

I think I speak with the full and cordial approval of the shareholders, when I state we endorse the policy of our Board in paying such a handsome dividend and bonus without taxing the Company's resources and at the same time making ample provision for depreciation and transferring the necessary sums to reserve funds."

Messrs. A. O. Lang, T. G. Weall and Chau Sing-tung were confirmed as directors of the Company on the proposal of Mr. Chan Tsun-min, seconded by Mr. Chau Sing-tung.

On the proposal of Mr. N. V. A. Croucher, seconded by Mr. J. J. Lossius, Sir Robert Ho Tung and Mr. W. E. Clarke, were re-elected directors for the ensuing year.

Messrs. A. R. Lowe, F.C.A., and C. Bernard Brown, A.C.A., were re-elected auditors at the remuneration of \$600 each on the proposal of Mr. A. S. Ellis seconded by Mr. Li Koon-chung.

In proposing the adoption of the report and accounts the chairman said:—

As the report and statement of accounts have been in your hands for some days I propose to take them as read. The net profit for the year amounts to \$19,448.46 as compared with \$17,229.07 for 1921. Due mainly to a lighter expenditure on repairs to property. We are thus able to increase our dividend by ten cents a share or \$3.00 and carry forward \$1,813.09 as against only \$364.93 last year.

You are all, no doubt aware that towards the end of the year we received an offer to purchase our property at a price which it seemed to your directors desirable to accept and we have consequently sold the whole of our land and buildings. The sale falls due for completion at the end of next May. Bargain money, in the amount of \$64,000 has already been received and credited to cost of property which accounts for the reduction under that heading on the balance sheet.

Upon completion we receive a further cash payment of 20% approximately \$128,000.00 while 60% remains on mortgage for three years at 6%

SPECIAL CABLES.

KELANTAN GOLD MINES.

A GLOWING REPORT.

[China Mail Special.]

SINGAPORE, February 12. The report of Mr. J. Rooke Cowell, consulting engineer to the Kelantan gold mines, on his visit to the property says that in his 20 years' experience of visiting mines in Klondyke and Panama he has not seen since visiting the former country attractive possibilities like that of Kelantan which, skillfully managed, should yield large returns.

OBITUARY.

MALAYA'S WOLFENRAM KING.

[China Mail Special.]

SINGAPORE, Feb. 13. The death has occurred of Dim Cheew Chian, miner, plaster, shipper and banker.

He was President of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce and was known as the Wolfenram King of Malaya.

He was the largest Wolfenram contractor to the Imperial Government during the war.

BLUE FUNNEL FARES.

REVISED RATES ANNOUNCED.

Cabled advices have just been received from Messrs. Alfred Holt & Co., Liverpool, that the new Blue Funnel Line passenger steamer "Sarpedon" of over 10,000 tons gross register will be sailing onwards on her maiden voyage on June 9. She should be leaving home-wards from Shanghai about July 26, and should sail from Hongkong about July 31. With the exception of fares from Shanghai the old rates will apply to these new vessels, which will have "single berth" cabins "special" cabins and "cabin de luxe," for all of which an extra charge will be made.

By the "Mentor," "Pyrrhus" and "Teiresias" the fares to London have been revised as follows:—

From	Single	Return
Japan	£96	£168
Shanghai	£90	£158
Hongkong	£87	£153
Singapore	£78	£137

The revised rates are to be effective immediately, and commenced with the sailing hence of s.s. "Teiresias," on February 12.

TAIKOO RESIDENCE

BURGLED.

Last night Mr. Donovan, who was formerly an officer in the R.C.A. and is at present staying in Cheung Chau, missed his last bag and spent the night at the residence of Mr. P. W. Ramsey, of Taikoo. During the night burglars broke in and stole Mr. Donovan's pocket wallet which contained \$35, sixteen £1 notes and a £5 note.

A Chinese servant employed by Mr. Ramsey has been arrested on suspicion.

HONGKONG'S HEALTH.

During the week ended February 10 the following cases of infectious disease were reported:—two of small pox (one Chinese and one Portuguese imported), eight of diphtheria (one Dutch, one American and six Chinese, four ending fatally), two of enteric fever (two Chinese, one imported both fatal) and one Chinese case of cerebrospinal fever which proved fatal.

Two Chinese cases of small-pox and one Chinese case of enteric fever were reported yesterday.

per annum which secures to us an income sufficient to maintain a dividend of \$3.00 per share or 10% upon the paid up capital during its currency, and it is the intention of your directors upon the maturity of the mortgage and subject to the passing of the necessary extraordinary resolutions to wind up the company.

I now beg to propose that the Report and Accounts, as presented, be adopted and passed and when this has been fully seconded, I shall be pleased to answer to the best of my ability any questions shareholders may desire to put.

Mr. G. W. Barton seconded and the motion was carried.

The confirmation of the election of Mr. G. W. Barton as a director was proposed by Mr. J. J. Lossius and seconded by Mr. W. J. Wilkinson. Messrs. J. E. Pearce and the Rev. Father Robert were also re-elected directors on the motion of Mr. H. Percy Smith, seconded by Mr. W. J. Wilkinson.

Proposed by Rev. Father Robert and seconded by the chairman, Mr. H. Percy Smith was re-elected auditor at a remuneration of \$100 per annum

FORGERY LAW.

FULL COURT APPEAL.

WHAT IS A "VALUABLE SECURITY?"

Convicted by a Jury at the Criminal Sessions on charges of having forged \$1 banknotes of the Kwongai Bank at Cheongchwaiwan, on November 1, 1922, two Chinese, Chau Chuen and Tong Cheuk, appeared before their Lordships the Chief Justice (Sir William Rees Davies, K.C.) and the Puisne Judge (Mr. H. H. J. Gompertz), sitting as a Full Court this morning, when, a point of law, raised by Mr. Elsey Zeily, counsel for the defence, during the trial, was argued.

The Attorney-General (Hon. Mr. J. H. Kemp, K.C.) appeared for the Crown.

Opening his case, Mr. Zeily said that the point was taken by the defence that the making of documents purporting to be \$1 notes of the Kwongai Bank was not forgery in law, that on the evidence the documents were not valuable securities, and that the documents were not valuable securities within the meaning of the Forgery Ordinance, 1922, Section 4, Sub-section 2A.

Mr. Justice Gompertz: When you speak of evidence, you must not go behind the finding of the Jury. The point I reserved was whether on the verdict there was forgery of securities or documents.

Mr. Zeily: Your Lordship reserved that point before it was submitted to the Jury.

The Judge: You are not entitled to say that the finding of the Jury was wrong.

Mr. Zeily: I merely want to show that there was no case in law in the first place to go to the Jury.

Mr. Kemp said that he understood that the point raised was whether or not they were valuable securities or documents.

Proceeding with his argument, on the first point, Mr. Zeily said that he first of all wished to draw the attention of the Court to the evidence of Mr. George Banker who said that he left Kwongai last July and had not been there since. The Bank had ceased business in June; there was no bank to redeem the notes, and therefore they were of no value. Then there was the evidence of Wong Ping, an accountant of a firm of money changers. He said that these notes had not been in use for a year and were not worth anything, "we do not change them," and "I would not give anything for them."

Those two, Mr. Zeily reminded the Court, were witnesses called by the Crown, and he submitted that they were the very best witnesses available to the Crown.

Mr. Zeily then proceeded to refer to the law on the subject of forgery and read the following definition:—"If an instrument had been genuine it would have been 'effective' in the ordinary course of business between the parties, then it was a forgery." This did not apply to the case in question, Counsel said, because had the document been genuine, it would not have been effective in the ordinary course of business, because the Bank had ceased to exist, and there was no bank to redeem it, and therefore it was not the proper subject of a charge.

The Chief Justice asked Mr. Zeily for the definition of valuable securities.

Counsel said that they included any writing entitling a person to a share or interest in stock, annuity, fund, or debt of one person to another.

Mr. Zeily also produced one of the alleged forged notes, and called the Court's attention to its wording, a translation of which proclaimed the document to be equal to \$1 or ten 10 cent pieces.

The Chief Justice: Then it is a forgery of a banknote.

Mr. Zeily: No. A banknote is the promissory note of a banker undertaking to pay the bearer the face value of the note on demand. There was no such undertaking in the note produced.

(Proceeding.)

COMPANY REPORT.

THE HONGKONG AND KOWLOON WHARF AND GODOWN CO., LTD.

The report for presentation to shareholders at the thirty-sixth ordinary annual meeting of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Coy., Ltd., to be held at the offices of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd. on Tuesday, February 20 at noon states:—

"The Directors beg to submit to shareholders their report with a statement of accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1922."

The profit on working was \$1,216,503.91 as compared with \$693,180.07 in 1921.

The balance for the year, after deducting Directors' and Auditors' fees, contributing to the Swatow Typhoon Relief Fund, allowing for depreciation, and paying for repairs and a bonus to Superintendent Engineer on retirement is \$931,683.60. The amount brought forward from last year is \$291,809.88, making a total of \$1,223,493.66 available for appropriation.

The Directors recommend the following:—

To pay a dividend of \$6 per share.....	\$480,000.00
To pay a bonus of \$3 per share.....	240,000.00
To transfer to Equalization of Dividend Fund	100,000.00
To transfer to Special Repairs Fund.....	100,000.00
To carry forward.....	303,493.66
	\$1,223,493.66

Directors.—During the year Messrs. A. S. Gubbay, O. I. Ellis, G. M. Dodwell and S. S. Perry resigned and their places were taken by Messrs. H. W. Sassoon, E. S. Abraham, T. G. Weall, and A. H. Compton.

Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr and Mr. A. S. D. Couland retire according to the Articles of Association, and being eligible offer themselves for re-election.

Auditors.—Messrs. H. Percy Smith, F.C.A. and C. Bernard Brown, A.C.A. have audited the accounts now presented, and offer themselves for re-election.

TO-DAY'S

ADVERTISEMENTS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OFFICE.

CHINESE NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS.
TUN Office will be entirely closed on FRIDAY, the 16th February. It will be opened for all business from 9 a.m. to noon on SATURDAY, the 17th February.
Licensed Warehouses will be entirely closed on above dates.
J. D. LLOYD, Superintendent, Imports and Exports.
Hongkong, February 12, 1923.

BANK HOLIDAYS.

In accordance with Ordinance No. 5 of 1912, the EXCHANGE BANKS will be closed for the transaction of PUBLIC BUSINESS on FRIDAY and SATURDAY, the 16th and 17th instant.

Hongkong, February 12, 1923.

VICTORIA RECREATION CLUB.

ROWING.

ALL MEMBERS desirous of competing in Inter-Club Events at the Inter-port Regatta to be held on the 17th March under the Auspices of the ROYAL HONGKONG YACHT CLUB and the VICTORIA RECREATION CLUB are requested to hand in their names, not later than 6 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 14th February.

For full particulars see notice on Club notice board.

The Scratch Regatta advertised for the 25th February, has been abandoned.

A. McKIRDY,

A/Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, February 13, 1923.

Don't Cough.

It is absurd to allow a cough to hang on and rob your vitality when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will cure you. You don't know where a persistent cough will land you. You can't afford to allow your throat and lungs to become diseased when it is such a simple thing to stop into a chemist's shop and get a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. For sale by all Chemists and Dispensaries.

NOTICES.

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NEW STYLES

NOW SHOWING FOR

THE RACE WEEK

MILLINERY

ROBES - DRESSES

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SMART WRAPS

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Socks, Singlets, Jerseys, Sweaters, etc.

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Manager, WONG KAM FUE.

MARTELL'S BRANDIES.

ONE STAR

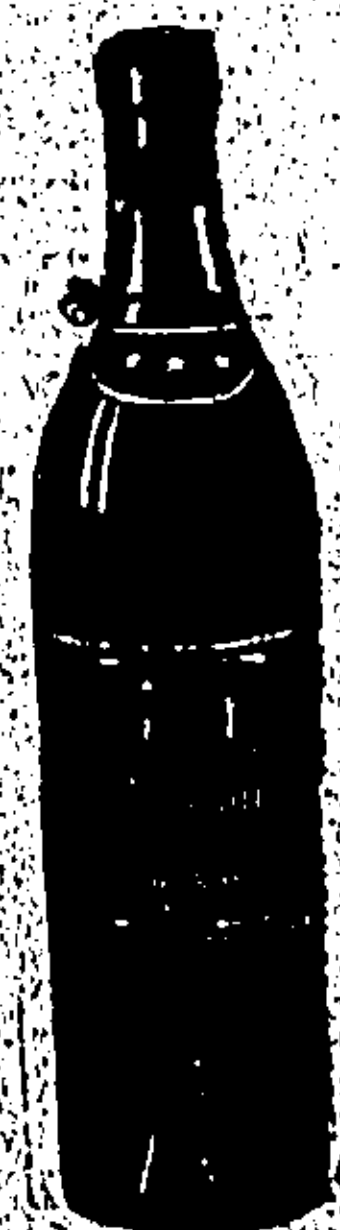
V. O.

TWO STAR

V. S. O.

THREE STAR

V. S. O. P.



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Sailings:—To Canton daily at 8 a.m. and 10 p.m. (Sundays 10 a.m. only).
From Canton daily at 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. (Sundays 5 p.m. only).

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Sailings:—To Macao—Daily at 8 a.m. and at 3 p.m. (Sundays at 9 a.m. only).
Sailings:—From Macao—Daily at 8 a.m. and at 2 p.m. (Sundays at 3 p.m. only).

Further information may be obtained at the Company's Office, 4, Des Voeux Road Central, Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son, or the American Express Company, Hongkong.

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FOR NEW YORK AND BOSTON VIA SUEZ.

S. "BOLTON CASTLE"Sailing on or about 13th March
S.S. "MUNCASTER CASTLE"Beginning of April.

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FIUME having been re-opened for traffic, cargo is also accepted for this port on through bills of lading.

FOR BRINDISI, VENICE, AND TRIESTE

S.S. "PERSIA"Sailing on or about 10th Feb.
S.S. "TRIESTE"End of March.

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S.S. "TRIESTE"Beginning March.

Passengers' Luggage can be insured at the office of the Agents.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS

Regular Passenger and Cargo Service

FROM CALCUTTA TO

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Through Bills of Lading issued from Hongkong.

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LONDON ANTWERP & HAMBURG, MARSEILLES—Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.

ARGON MARUThursday, 15th Feb.

LONDON MARU (Omni. Marseilles)Saturday, 10th Mar.

BUNNOS AIRS—Via Japan, Santos, Malindi, Durban & Cape Town via Singapore. Passenger Service.

CHICAGO MARUWednesday, 14th Feb.

BOMBAY & COLOMBO—Regular fortnightly service via SINGAPORE.

SUMATRA MARUWednesday, 21st Feb.

HONOLULU MARUThursday, 8th Mar.

DELA & BANGKOK VIA SAIGON & SINGAPORE—Regular Monthly Passenger Service.

BUSHO MARUThursday, 1st Mar.

CALCUTTA—Via Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.

ALFAT MARUMonday, 26th Feb.

JAPAN PORTS—Kobe & Yokohama. Saturday, 10th Mar.

AMAZON MARUSunday, 22nd March.

KIELUNG VIA SWATOW & AMOY. These steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers.

KIAJU MARUEvery Sunday 10 a.m.

AMAKUSA MARUEvery Sunday 10 a.m.

TAKAO VIA SWATOW AND AMOY.

SOMA MARUWednesday, 14th Feb.

For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to—

K. SHIMA, Manager, No. 1, Queen's Building.

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S.S. "CITY OF BAGDAD"Via Suez Canal13th Feb.

S.S. "BYRON"Via Suez Canal25th Feb.

S.S. "CITY OF NORWICH"Via Suez Canal5th Mar.

S.S. "AGAMEMNON"Via Suez Canal15th Mar.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' Option.

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ENGINEERS AND SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS AND IRON FOUNDRY. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have over thirty years' experience. We are two Shipyards and can accommodate any ship of 800 tons long.

Ships, Offices, 64, Cross Street, Canton, Hongkong. Tel. Central No. 44.

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Business conducted on application.

Hongkong, April 1, 1928.

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Reduced Fares to Europe

FIRST-CLASS

\$120—Connecting with Canadian Pacific Atlantic Expresses.
\$112—Connecting with Monoclass Cabin Atlantic Steamers.

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Mont Laurier 17,100 tons gross. Montrose 10,400 tons gross.
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HAICHINGCapt. J. S. Thomson. TUESDAY, 20th Feb. at 1 P.M.

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"CITY OF SIMLA"13th Feb. Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama.
"CITY OF YORK"14th Feb. Marseilles, London, Hamburg.
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In Lots of not less than 1-ton

Delivered to Peak District (above Bowen Road) \$21.00 per ton

Bowen Road and Lower Levels \$20.00

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Orders should be sent in writing, at least 24 hours, before the Coal is required.

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TO LOS ANGELES AND SAN FRANCISCO FROM HONGKONG BY DIRECT ROUTE.

U.S.S. "West Ivan" ... Due Hongkong 21st Feb.
Leaves Hongkong 23rd Feb.

CARGO ACCEPTED FOR TRANSHIPMENT AT SAN FRANCISCO TO WEEKLY SAILINGS FOR ATLANTIC SEABOARD PORTS. THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED TO U.S. AND CANADIAN OVERLAND POINT.

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Will call at Barcelona and Valencia.

M.V. "HAVELLAND"leaving Hongkong about 12th March.

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OPERATING UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SHIPS.

Vessel Due Hongkong Return Hongkong leaving

U.S.S. "Hawana" 1st Feb. For Philippines about 30th

U.S.S. "Pawlet" 4th Feb. to Portland direct via Manila

U.S.S. "Wawona" 20th Feb. 30th March

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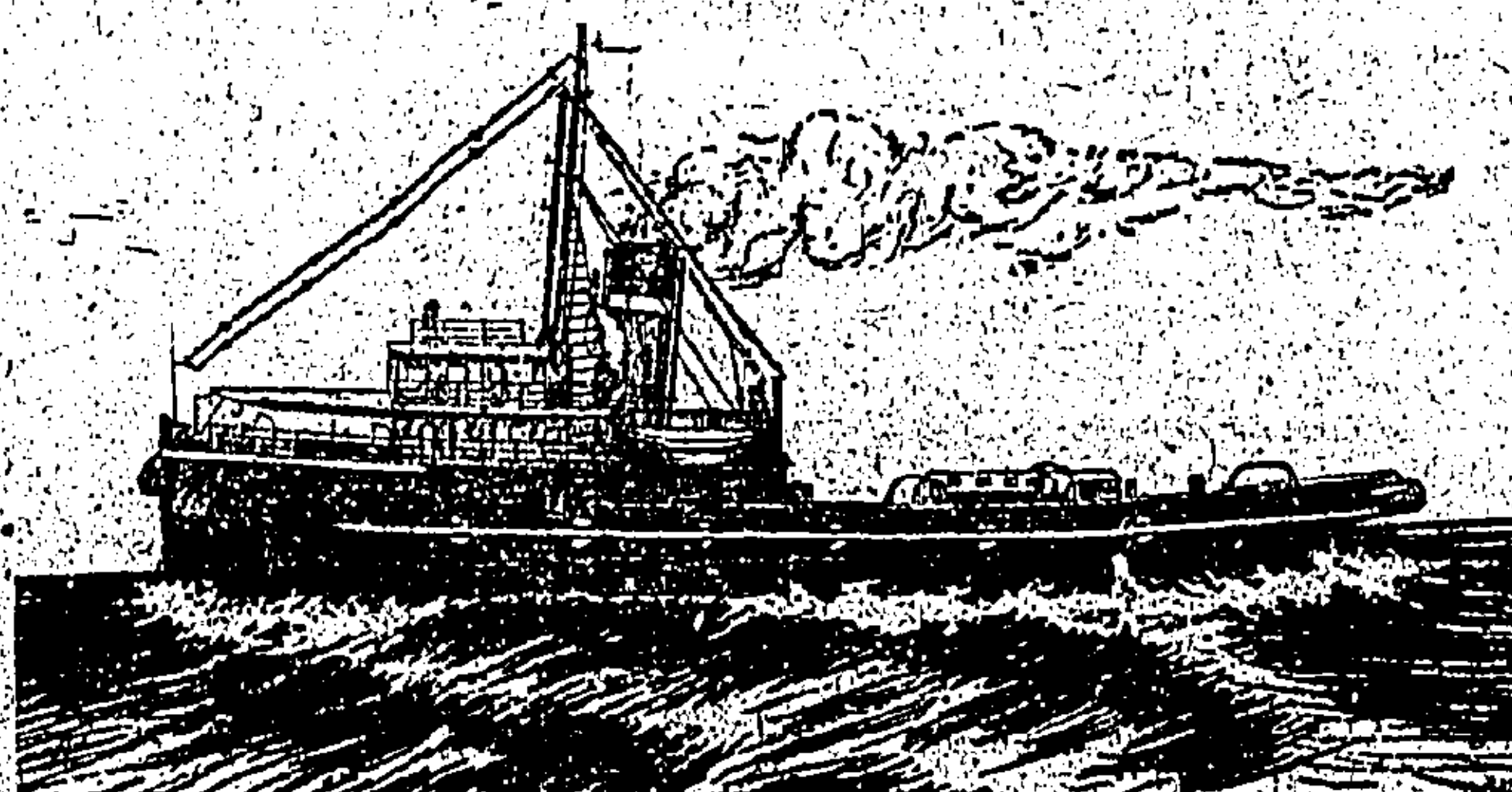
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Please address enquiries to the Chief Manager

E. M. DYER, S.S. M.I.N.A., Kowloon Dock, Hongkong.

SAYING IT WRONG.

SOME UNINTENDED LAUGHS.

A labourer once called on a country parson to ask for a letter of recommendation to a neighbouring nobleman, from whom he hoped to get employment.

"But why don't you interview his lordship yourself?" asked the parson.

"Well, sir, it's this way," was the startling answer: "I don't like speaking to Lord—; he may be proud and not care to listen to the likes o' me. But I don't mind speaking to you, for there's nothing of the gentleman in you."

That might have been put differently—with advantage! Here are some more bad blunders:

A German Jew tailor sent the following letter to one of his defaulting customers:

"Dear Sir,—Who was it promised to pay on the 1st of January? You, my dear sir—you are the man. Who was it that promised next to settle on the 1st of March? You, my dear sir. Who is the man who has broken his word twice and is an unmitigated scoundrel? I am, your obedient servant, Moses Rosenthal."

"Last night," wrote a gushing young lady from Venice, "I lay in a gondola on the Grand Canal, drinking it all in; and life never seemed so full before."

"Your beautiful clock," a bride gratefully wrote to the sender of a wedding present, "was on the mantelpiece where we hope to see you often."

"Gentlemen," wrote an applicant for a musical post, "I noticed your advertisement for organist and music-teacher, either lady or gentleman. Having been both for years I offer you my services."

The above answer was, no doubt, as innocent as that of the Scottish laird's secretary, who wrote the following letter to a neighbour, who had arranged for a day's shooting with his master:

"My dear Sir, I am sorry to inform you that the laird will not be able to shoot himself to-morrow; but he says, if you come, the game-keeper will accompany you and the rest of the dogs to the hill."

We may be quite sure that the editor who gave these directions for sweeping a room to an inquiring reader did not mean what he said:—"Cover the furniture with dust-sheets, scatter damp tea-leaves over the carpet; then carefully sweep the room into a dustpan and throw it out of the window."

It was in a provincial newspaper that the following tribute of gratitude appeared:—

"Mr. and Mrs. G.—wish to express thanks to their friends and neighbours who so kindly assisted at the burning of their residence last night."

On a church door in Ireland this legend was to be read not long ago:—This is to give notice that no person is to be buried in this churchyard, but those living in the parish. Those who wish to be buried are desired to apply to me, Ephraim Grubb, Parish Clerk.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

Goods to be delivered at or to-morrow will be subject to rough. Agents:—D. Dodwell & Co., Ltd.

ARROW



"ARATEX" SEMI-SOFT
COLLARS COMBINE WITH THE
COMFORT OF A SOFT COLLAR
THE GOOD APPEARANCE OF
A STIFF COLLAR. WILL NOT
WRINKLE, WILT OR SAG
EASILY. LAUNDERED.

OBTAINABLE FROM:
TAK CHEONG, 50, Queen's Road, Central.

BANDIT SUPPRESSION
IN HONAN.
HAS IT BEEN EFFECTED?

(Contributed)

Last November, when several foreign captives were held as hostages by Honan bandits, General Chin Yun-ao was appointed Bandit Suppression Commander and put in charge of the work of securing the release of the captives. The release of all the foreign captives has since been effected. But now comes the report, published by a number of Chinese papers, that General Chin has notified High Inspecting Commissioner T'sao Kun that the bandits have been suppressed and that he therefore requests that his post as Bandit Suppression Commander be abolished. The same papers report that the request has been granted, and also intimate that General Chin and his officers have been rewarded for their services.

But what about it? Have the bandits actually been suppressed?

Some four thousand of them have been "suppressed" by being received into the National Army, and have now as good and loyal soldiers been entrusted with the task of maintaining law and order and protecting the people in the very regions they a few weeks ago raided, and where as bandits they had their headquarters. And if we are to believe the reports we hear, they have not wholly laid aside their former practices, but are even now prone to levy on the already impoverished people and to help themselves to things they want.

The Shanghai "Shang Pao," which among others brings the report above referred to, also gives a little information about the brigand situation. It mentions several places in northern Honan where brigand bands are still carrying on their nefarious work. It also mentions the following districts as overrun by brigand gangs numbering each from 300-700 men: Juning, Sinyang, Tengchih-Pei, Piyuan (Tanghsien), Sinyeh, and Tengchow.

This report is corroborated by information received from other sources. Thus the city of Tanghsien in south-western Honan was recently threatened by a force of a thousand brigands. As there were only a hundred soldiers in the city, the citizens had to plead for terms and only escaped looting by the payment of \$40,000. A large village in the same district is reported to have incurred the wrath of the brigands. In consequence orders were given to shoot men, club the children, and crowd the women into a room and burn them to death. This order is reported to have been ruthlessly carried out. In another neighbouring district 120 villages are reported to have been burned and 230 people killed.

Another report comes from one of the largest cities in south-eastern Honan. According to this report, whilst the city itself is quiet, the country is full of brigands. They are said to operate at will, and apparently no military action against them is taken beyond the sending of a few troops to any place after the brigands have left. No effort is made to follow them up or to raid their dens, although these are well known. Speaking of the situation in general our informant states that it is "threatening and ugly," and that his impression is, that the best informed Chinese fear that anything might happen in the future.

Still another report comes from a city in south-western Honan. Our informant states that "conditions in this part of Honan are not as bad as further north. I want to state, however, that we do not dare to travel in the district on account of the bandit activities. People are held up and robbed not far from the city, even in broad daylight."

A Kaifeng paper of January 29th reports that near Talkanghsien some time ago bandits carried off a man by the name of Chang Yu-feng and demanded a ransom of \$200. This sum not being forthcoming, the man was brutally cut across the face and then carried to his house, where a few days later he died as a result of his wounds.

Such are the conditions. And yet the officials concerned are asking rewards from the Government on the ground that the bandits have been

BILLIARDS.
CHAMPIONSHIP TOURNEY.

OSMUND ENTERS SEMI-FINAL.

A. J. Osmund entered the semi-final in the billiards championship tourney last evening by defeating F. W. Kwok by 738 points, the final score being Osmund 500; Kwok 362. The former champion assumed the lead with his first visit to the table, and, playing a consistent game kept ahead by 40 points up to the 300 mark. Kwok played a hard uphill game and when his opponent struck an unlucky patch he spurted up in convincing fashion, and soon was only 10 points behind. Kwok continued his run of luck for the next 50 points and when 350 was called, he was leading by 2 points. Osmund came back after this, and with a series of breaks of 20 and 30, left his opponent staiding. He compiled 162 points in a very short time and left no opening for Kwok who was only a passenger at this stage of the match and was able to add only 12 more points before Osmund completed his 500. Osmund's best breaks were 39, 39, 38, 36, 34 and 24, and Kwok's 37, 26, 24, 23 and 20.

HOCKEY.

CLUB v. "TAMAR."

The following will represent the Club on the U.S.R.C. ground, Kowloon, to-morrow at 5 p.m. E. W. Hamilton, E. G. England, G. Murray, G. H. Piercy, M. L. Ralston, Rev. N. Evans, F. Schnepel, H. Owen Hughes, W. Woodward, F. C. Miller, B. D. Evans.

The Club will play in colours.

suppressed, and normal conditions restored.

Does it not all add to the already abundant proof that China's greatest curse at the present time are her worse than useless militarists and soldiers? Not only are they bringing the Government to the verge of bankruptcy by consuming some eighty percent of the national revenues, but so far from affording the Country protection and security, they are themselves the very ones who make life a continuous nightmare to the common people. No wonder China's merchants and educators are making disbandment the first objective in their campaign for the salvation of the country. May they succeed in so arousing public opinion to such an extent, that the Government will not dare but accede to their demands, and launch concrete measures for disbandment.

PEACEFUL SHANSI.

In this connection it may not be amiss to call attention to the fact that there is, at least one peaceful interior province in China, one province in which brigandage is unknown, and which is not exploited by the militarists. This province is Shansi. Here Yen Hsi Shan has been Governor ever since the inauguration of the Republic, and has given the Province what is in many ways a good and progressive administration. He is gradually introducing a village Military System, which it is hoped will still further benefit the province. Instead of having military parasites from other provinces come to exploit the people, Governor Yen's plan is to organize militia companies for local protection. The chief advantages of the plan as he himself has set them forth, are: First, that it is easy to maintain peace and repel outside invaders, as the village soldiers naturally try their best to protect their own homes; and secondly, it eliminates the danger of invading neighbouring provinces, as these soldiers are ordinary people with a proper occupation and naturally do not care to sacrifice their peaceful living for the sake of a few ambitious militarists.

If the present soldiers could be disbanded, and Governor Yen's system introduced in all the provinces, the people of China would soon be in position to solve some of their other pressing problems.

LAND SALES.

GOOD PRICES PAID.

Yesterday afternoon's keen bidding at the Land Sales, is further evidence of the briskness in the property market, the prices paid tending to show that buyers anticipate further appreciation in values.

The first lot offered comprised two Kowloon inland plots, near the Steam Laundry, having a combined area of 29,250 square feet. Bidding opened at \$21,945 (the upset price) and advanced by easy stages to \$24,760 when a jump of \$15,000 was made making the offer \$40,000. Several bids then came briskly from different people and the price rose to \$70,000 when it was knocked down to Mr. Fung Tat-lung, on behalf of the Steam Laundry Co.

A lot of 5,230 square feet at Tai Hang village was the next lot offered, the upset price being at \$1 per square foot. After a number of jumps of \$500, a bid of \$14,500, offered by a group of Chinese was accepted. The buyers were Messrs. Poon Hing-ting, Li Man-lun and Ma Hing-ting.

Bidding was exceptionally brisk when a lot of 76,368 square feet to the east of Tin Fan Temple, Causeway Bay was put up. The upset price was \$38,184. When an offer of \$40,000 was made, another prospective purchaser doubled it. Almost immediately afterwards a jump of \$20,000 raised the offer to \$100,000. Other bids two of \$10,000, one of \$9,000 and another \$8,000 with a number of smaller jumps brought the price to \$150,000 the lot being eventually knocked down to Messrs. R. H. Kotevall, Li Sing-kui, Ma Tsin-chiu and Poon Hing-ting.

PINCHED WITH PINCERS.

WOMAN JAILED FOR CRUELTY.

Yesterday afternoon, the Chinese mistress of a shoe-shop was brought on remand before Mr. R. E. Lindell on a charge of ill-treating an apprentice, fourteen years old.

In the box, the youth said that he was beaten on many occasions and his mistress had also pinched him with iron pincers. On January 27, he complained to his uncle at the Central Market with the result that a report was made to the Police.

The defendant, who was defended by Mr. Russ, gave as her excuse that the apprentice was inattentive, insolent and filthy. She struck him several times on the knuckles because he committed a nuisance in the kitchen. Later on he damaged her hand with an awl while sewing a shoe. She only pinched him very slightly with a pair of pincers.

Mr. Russ submitted that the insolent boy was one of the most annoying things in existence. Under the circumstances, he pleaded for leniency.

His Worship in sentencing the defendant to two months' hard labour and ordering her to pay \$25 compensation to the youth or go to prison for a further month, remarked that she was very cruel and evil hearted, something like a beast in fact. Whatever the boy had done she was not justified in treating him in the way she had.

WICKED SANTA CLAUS.

"REDS" ABOLISH CHRISTMAS.

The Bolsheviks have decided to abolish Christmas (which in Russia falls 43 days later than Christmas in Britain) as a religious holiday by emphasizing what they regard as its essentially non-Christian character. Bolshevik professors are hard at work proving that Christmas existed thousands of years before the birth of Christ, and Bolshevik directors of public amusements are busy arranging street processions in which Osiris, Buddha, and other gods or religious teachers will figure.

Writing in the *Livestock*, Comrade N. Kavin says: "It has been decided by the Central Committee of the League of Youth to arrange for the de-Christianization of all the Christian holidays by turning them into pagan festivals and by utilizing them as occasions for sound anti-religious propaganda."

For the coming bathing season part of the beach at Stonecutters near to the east landing pier has been reserved for the use of the members of the E. A. S. M. A. and the British Legion. Plans have already been approved for the erection of a large matshed, giving dressing room accommodation, lounge, latrine and a caretaker's quarters. During the bathing season a launch service will be maintained in the evening and a feature of the scheme will be catering for tea and refreshments. "Band Nights" will also be arranged and everything possible will be done to make the beach popular.

INTERPORT FOOTBALL.

SHANGHAI SKIPPER CHOSEN.

Referring to the forthcoming interport football contest the *Shanghai Times* of February 6 says:—

Mr. J. F. Gabbatt, who has been appointed team manager and secretary, has now taken charge of the players for training purposes and it has been arranged that the members of the team, together with such other local players as care to join, shall meet at the Police ground at 5 p.m. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, before their departure.

After the Interport trial match on Saturday last, the team held an informal meeting in the committee room of the Shanghai Recreation Club. At this meeting, the question arose as to who was to be Captain of the team, the Association having decided to leave it to the players themselves. The matter was put to the vote, with the result that of the twelve present, five voted for Mr. T. W. R. Wilson, five for Mr. J. A. Quayle, the two remaining votes being divided between two other players. Another vote was taken, with the result that Mr. Quayle, with seven votes, was elected Captain, and Mr. Wilson, with five votes, Vice Captain.

The actual eleven to represent Shanghai in the Interport game has not finally been decided and it is probable that the team will not definitely be chosen till the end of this week.

From what little information is available in Shanghai, Hongkong has an especially good right wing and centre forward, and for that reason it is good that that redoubtable "Jimmy" Quayle will be able to make the trip. Quayle is right on top of his form just at present, and with the remainder of the team playing anything like normal Hongkong will have to strive hard to get possession of the Shanghai flag.

A miniature of the Hongkong Interport flag has been forwarded to Shanghai by the Hon Secretary of the Hongkong Football Association. The actual flag is six feet by four, and consists of one white horizontal stripe inside two blue ones. The white stripe is superimposed with the letter "H. K. F. A." The whole effect is very neat, and we can only hope that the original flag will be adorning one of Shanghai's club-houses within the next few weeks.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

Tokushima Maru, (N.Y.K.) from Calcutta, Singapore.—Kowloon Wharf.
Matsumoto Maru, (N.Y.K.) from Hamburg, Singapore.—A27.
Lushan Maru, (N.Y.K.) from Shanghai, Swatow.—Off Stonecutters.
Nansang, (J.M. & Co.) from Calcutta, Singapore.—Kowloon Wharf.
Esang, (J.M. & Co.) from Canton.—C41.
Cheongching, (J.M. & Co.) from Swatow.—C33.
City of Bagdad, (Bank Line) from Shanghai.—A29.
Suna Maru, (O.S.K.) from Canton.—Co's Wharf.
Yangtzi-king, (Cheong Fat) from Canton.—C38.
Nanchang, (B. & S.) from Shanghai, Amoy.—B12.
Dastestan, (Nemazee) from Daldy.—B51.
Protens, (Larsen & Co.) from Canton.—C41.
Yeizan Maru, (Kimura & Co.) from Keelung.—B53.
Bueho Maru, (O.S.K.) from Singapore, Saigon.—C45.
Amberst, (On Fat) from Hoihow.—C39.
Hwah Kuei, (Yuen Seng Fat) from Saigon.—C17.

DEPARTURES.

Lushan Maru, (N.Y.K.) for Canton.—February 13.
Ankyous, (B. & S.) for Yokohama, Shanghai.—February 13.
Bans i Maru, (M.B.K.) for Swatow.—February 13.
City of Bagdad, (Bank Line) for New York, Manila.—February 13.
Tokushima Maru, (N.Y.K.) for Yokohama, Shanghai.—February 13.
Roberto Figueroa, (Thoresen & Co.) for Manila.—February 13.
Anki Maru, (Lee Beng Kae) for Bangkok.—February 13.
Hannun, (Po. Shen) for Haiphong, Hoihow.—February 13.
Hsiangong, (Douglas & Co.) for Poochow, Swatow.—February 13.
Ginzuu Maru, (Kin-yee) for Bangkok.—February 13.
Kaiyong, (B. & S.) Singapore, S'ow.—February 13.
Suna Maru, (O.S.K.) for Takao, Swatow.—February 14.

A Forty Years' Test.
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been curing coughs and colds for the past forty years and has gained its popularity every year. What a better recommendation is required? For his by J. Chamberlain and Son.

FAR EAST TRADE.

HOW IT MIGHT BE INCREASED.

MR. R. D. HOLT'S VIEWS.

Mr. Richard D. Holt, of Messrs. Alfred Holt & Co., writes to the *Liverpool Daily Post and Mercury* of January 2 as follows:—

The Far Eastern trade, which may be roughly defined as trade to places in Asia east of British India and in the Malay Archipelago, has not been amongst the conspicuous trades of Liverpool, possibly because neither imports nor exports are owned or controlled in Liverpool to any considerable extent.

The volume of the trade has increased steadily, if slowly, during the last thirty years, and does not appear to have been much affected by the war.

So far as exports are concerned, the year which has just closed has been of a normal character, and the volume of trade passing through the port of Liverpool appears to have been well maintained as compared with that from other competing ports in the United Kingdom, the Continent, or America.

The principal articles exported through our port are textiles, machinery, and chemicals, and these are distinctly miscellaneous, and there are not many articles which do not figure to some extent in the manifests.

The problem of increasing the trade of Liverpool with the Far East demands the consideration of two quite distinct propositions—first, that of increasing the trade as a whole and secondly, that of maintaining or increasing our proportion. The former is the more important, and the more likely to produce substantial results.

China is the greatest consumer of our exports in the Far East, and has the greatest capacity for taking more as her trade is trifling in proportion to her large population—orderly, industrious, and intelligent. The Government of China—if, indeed, such a thing exists except as a diplomatic fiction—is incompetent and corrupt in the extreme, with the result that there is no adequate security for commerce except under foreign protection, and that inland communications, except on waterways, or railways under foreign management, are slow, costly, and precarious.

A stable, honest, and efficient Government in China would soon result in a greatly increased trade, but it is difficult to see what foreign Governments can do towards bringing this about. The most hopeful

influence for improvement appears to be in the number of Chinese who have lived abroad and have had the opportunity of appreciating the value of good government. For instance, you cannot expect to sell many motor-cars or bicycles to the inhabitants of a country which has no roads—but a man who is accustomed to either of these aids to locomotion is likely to use his influence in favour of road-making, after which there will be a demand for vehicles to use the road and merchandise to be carried in them.

In this connection it should not be forgotten that there is no better commercial traveller for our manufactures than the foreigner who has lived amongst us and goes home with a glowing appreciation of our habits and customs and of the commodities which we use.

GOODS AT COMPETITIVE PRICES.
It is of the greatest importance that our manufacturers should be of a quality and a price which compares favourably with that of our competitors—our goods will not be bought when others offer the purchaser better value for his money. This requires a sound fiscal system under which all materials used in manufacture, including the necessities of life for those who work in the manufacture, can be obtained as cheaply as possible. It also means economical government both national and municipal, so that taxes and rates shall represent value received and no more.

These similar considerations at home and abroad lead to an increase in the total volume of trade.

The imports into Liverpool from the Far East are disappointing in quantity, and consist mainly of articles of low value. It is not easy to see why this should be the case, as Liverpool is an excellent place from which to distribute to the great centres of population—Dancoasture, the West Riding, the Midlands, South Wales, and the Glasgow district—and in the matter of imports we get a much smaller proportion of the trade than what appears to be our fair share.

It seems probable that this is due—at any rate in part—to the fact that there are no merchants in the Far Eastern trade with their head offices in Liverpool, and it is also noticeable that none of the Eastern banks have offices in Liverpool. There appears to be a weak spot here in the organisation of Liverpool commerce, and an opportunity open for any

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

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group of capable and ambitious young men.

Liverpool's trade has been built up largely by Liverpool men and it is distressing to observe the number of Liverpool businesses which have been bought up by large concerns with their headquarters outside the town, so that what was an independent business owned and managed by men who lived in Liverpool and lived the place, is now merely a branch conducted by gentlemen who are in fact local men with no independent authority, and possess no power to help the trade of Liverpool, if so doing runs counter to the wishes or interests of a master who has never lived in the town and is totally indifferent to its welfare. This development, which has been going on for about twenty years, is injurious to the town, and the inhabitants of these towns should do what they can to check it and bring it to a halt.

MAY HALL CONCERT.

The students of May Hall of the Hongkong University held their third annual concert on Saturday afternoon. A fine programme was presented, and included English and Chinese songs, a dumb play entitled "A Tale of a Freshman," a sketch "The Sweet Girl Graduate," and instrumental selections. All the items were well received but the palm must be handed to the May Hall "Howlers" for their very amusing rendering of the popular song "Coal Black Mammy."

The May Hall Orchestra, conducted by Mr. F. D. Bernardo, was one of the best amateur combinations to appear in public. In an opening speech the acting chairman Mr. M. K. Yip thanked Mr. R. H. Kotevall for donating \$400 to the May Hall Orchestra which over its existence to him and Mr. Simpson.

BRITISH CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE.

ANNUAL CONFERENCE SUBJECTS.

THE BOXER INDEMNITY.

Preparations for the annual Conference in Shanghai of the Associated British Chambers of Commerce are now well advanced. The Conference is to take place this year on February 21 to 23, immediately after the Chinese New Year holidays, and, as heretofore, through the courtesy of his Honour Sir Skinner Turner, will be held in the British Consulate. Mr. H. H. Fox, C.M.G., H.M. Consul-General, Honorary President of the Shanghai Chamber of Commerce, will attend, and amongst other official visitors expected are Mr. Sidney Barton, C.M.G., H.M. Consul-General, Honorary President of the Shanghai Chamber of Commerce, Mr. J. T. Pratt, H.M. Consul-General at Nanking, and others. The list of representatives from the other Chambers who are members of the Association is not yet complete, but, as far as is known at present, the Peking Chamber will be represented by Mr. S. F. Mayers, of the British and Chinese Corporation, Mr. M. E. Weatherill, of Messrs. Reiss & Co., and Mr. W. H. E. Thomas, manager of the Chartered Bank; the Tientsin Chamber by Mr. E. C. Peters; the Hankow Chamber by Mr. H. K. Peters; the Chefoo Chamber by Mr. William Lytle; and the Hongkong Chamber by Mr. John Johnston.

A new departure is to be taken this year in that the other national Chambers of Commerce have been invited to send representatives to the Conference to discuss two questions which are of common interest. One of these is the existing state of disorder in China and the other the debased condition of the copper currency.

In the resolution on the first subject the Chinese Chamber of Commerce is evincing very great interest and proposes to send not less than four delegates, of whom the Chairman of the Chamber, Mr. Sung Han-chang, manager of the Bank of China, will be one. According to particulars so far received at the offices of the Shanghai British Chamber of Commerce, the representatives of the other national Chambers in Shanghai will be as follows:—American, Messrs. J. H. Dollar and W. A. Burns; Japanese, Messrs. M. Nodaira and M. Shuto; Italian, Chev. C. Fumagalli and Sig. Giacchino; French, M. E. Charlot and M. Chapaux, the former being Vice-Chairman of the Chamber; General Chamber of Commerce, Sir Edward Pearce.

Other subjects to be discussed are of very considerable practical importance, amongst them being the question of the proposed 22 per cent. surtax. As most readers will recollect, this surtax was agreed upon at the Washington Conference, partly—if the text of the Treaty is to be taken as an indication—with a view to preparing the way for the abolition of inland taxation and partly to re-habilitate Chinese finances, which, as all the world knows, are at present in a very parlous state. China's floating debt—that is to say, her unsecured debt—is at the present time somewhere between \$600,000,000 and \$700,000,000, of which \$240,000,000 represents unsecured foreign loans and \$100,000,000 debts owing to foreign firms for goods supplied. China's domestic obligations have also reached a point which threatened disaster to her credit, as was recently shown by the Inspector-General of Customs in a memorandum published in the *N. C. Daily News*.

The actual proceeds of the surtax are insufficient to secure the whole of this indebtedness, and while this in itself opens up a number of questions, there is also that of the conditions on which the surtax itself should be granted. On this latter point, the Washington Conference clearly stipulated that the Commission to be appointed to consider the matter should be empowered to name the date, the purposes and the conditions on which this additional revenue should be given. It is understood that the Shanghai Chamber has very definite views on this matter and that the whole question has been under discussion with its associated Chambers.

Another question is that of the registration of vessels owned by Chinese Companies. As things stand at present, a vessel belonging to a Chinese Company is not entitled to the limitation of liability provided for by the Merchant Shipping Act, for example, a vessel owned by such a Company, not into and sink another at Wooning; her liability would be limited neither in respect of the damage done to cargo nor the loss of life occasioned.

Yet another question of considerable local interest is that of the

Shanghai harbour. Readers will remember that, not so very long ago, an international committee of expert engineers issued an elaborate report in which they made recommendations both of a purely engineering character and of an administrative kind. These recommendations were duly discussed by all the national Chambers of Commerce in Shanghai, whose views, as was to be expected, differed in certain important particulars. Later, with a view to reducing these differences to as small a compass as possible, a meeting was held, to which a manageable consensus of opinion was arrived at. To go into the matter in any detail is beyond the scope of this article, but, briefly, it may be stated that the recommendations of the engineers were endorsed within certain very definite limits; that since then nothing further has been heard about the report, and that the future needs clarifying. The congested state of the Soochow Creek and the policing of the harbour will also be discussed.

A fourth subject—one which, we believe, is to be raised by the Hongkong Chamber—is that of arbitration awards issued by the London Produce Brokers Association. As things are at present, these awards are issued without any reasons being given for them, so that the unfortunate exporter is no wiser at the end of any trouble than he was at the beginning, and is thus placed in circumstances reminiscent of the Gilbertian punishment of playing billiards with elliptical balls and a twisted cue.

One other very important matter is that of our old friend, Tariff 1, which figured in this year's agenda and was discussed at very great length during the recent revision of the Tariff. The view put forward by the Associated Chambers last year and by the Shanghai Chamber during the revision, namely, that the *ad valorem* basis of *ad valorem* goods should be their c.i.f. cost—that is to say, their landed cost in bond—had the support of a minority of the delegates on the Revision Commission, but not that either of the Japanese or the Chinese, whilst the American delegates also voted against it. It is proposed, accordingly, to raise the matter again, one reason for doing so being the existence of considerable dissatisfaction at the continuance of the practice of adding 20 per cent. to the c.i.f. invoice value of goods imposed by retail firms.

A very interesting discussion is likely to be heard on the subject of the Boxer Indemnity, the remission of which has been decided on in principle. The sum of money available is a large one—some \$11,000,000—and a variety of different claims on it have to be considered. There is the claim of Hongkong University; there is the possibility of establishing scholarships from that University to Universities in Great Britain; there is the view that a new University should be founded in China; there are the claims of British hospitals; and there are the claims of British secondary schools. A very considerable number of these latter, including such important institutions as the Anglo-Chinese College, Tientsin, Griffith John College, Hankow, Wesley College, Wuchang, Medhurst College, Shanghai, Westminster College, Chunchow, Trinity College, Fochow, and the United Methodist College, Wenchow, are receiving grants made to them from the Associated British Chambers of Commerce fund. These grants have been given for a period of five years and vary in amount, the largest being grants for \$5,000. Most of them have been given for the definite purpose of strengthening the British teaching staff, and of rendering the equipment, generally of a scientific character, more efficient.

The Associated Chambers take the view that the existence of this fund, the information which they have collected from most, if not all, of the secondary schools in China, and the donation of these grants, together constitute the backbone of a practical scheme which is thoroughly deserving of the support which could be given to it from a part of the Boxer Indemnity. In order that the matter may be thoroughly discussed, invitations to attend the Conference have been sent to educational experts such as Sir William Brunyate, Vice-Chancellor of Hongkong University, the principals of the Anglo-Chinese College, Tientsin, Griffith John College, and Wesley College, Wuchang, and also to Miss C. I. Lambert, principal of the C.M.S. Girls' School, Fochow. Miss Lambert is a recognized educational authority at present, a vessel belonging to a Chinese Company is not entitled to the limitation of liability provided for by the Merchant Shipping Act, for example, a vessel owned by such a Company, not into and sink another at Wooning; her liability would be limited neither in respect of the damage done to cargo nor the loss of life occasioned.

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SHANGHAI WEDDINGS.

SARJEANT-CHASTY.

A wedding of interest to many Shanghai people took place on Feb. 7 when Miss Matilda Chasty became the bride of Mr. R. L. Sarjeant, of the engineering department of the Asiatic Petroleum Co. The ceremony, which was performed by the Very Rev. J. F. Symons, took place at Holy Trinity Cathedral, which was beautifully decorated in green and white. The bride, who was given away by Mr. W. Marples, wore a moiré chiffon velvet, with georgette panels trimmed with steel beads, grey shoes and stockings, a moiré panne velvet hat, and also carried a bouquet of carnations and fuchsias.

The matron of honour, Mrs. K. Hooley, wore mauve crepe, with a mauve panne velvet and silver hat and carried sweet peas. Miss Eva Lee, the bridesmaid, wore yellow satin, with a black ribbon bow at the waist, a black picture hat and carried sweet peas.

The groom, who is Captain of the Shanghai Rowing Club, was accompanied by Mr. O. R. Cartwright, his best man, and the ushers were Messrs. A. W. Stubbs, E. V. Fotherstonhaugh, S. W. M. Snow, and H. E. Middleton. The reception held at 633 Avenue Road, from four to six, was attended by a large number of friends and many gifts were tastefully arranged, among them a silver tea service, kettles and tray from the staff of the A. P. C. and a canteen and silver service from the Rowing Club. The bride's gift to the groom was a gold watch and the groom's gift to the bride a silver dressing table set.

The bride's going away dress was a blue gabardine with French wool embroidery, with a large black panne velvet hat trimmed with a green ostrich feather. The honeymoon will be spent honeymooning about Hangchow and vicinity.

Another and very beautiful wedding was solemnized the same day by the Very Rev. J. F. Symons at Holy Trinity Cathedral when Miss Faurat was wedded to Mr. Gustave Faurat. The bride, who is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Faurat of Chicago, and Mr. Tolson, who is the manager of the cotton department in the Robert Dollar Company, is the son of Mrs. Jeanne Dutton Tolson of New Orleans.

The Cathedral was beautifully decorated with ferns, white epiphyllums and primulas and well filled with the friends of this popular young couple. The bride, who was given away by her father, wore ivory lace, garnished with rare old ivory lace, a coronet veil trimmed with seed pearls, and carried a sheaf of white lilies. Mrs. Harold Essex Reynell, the matron of honour, wore one of the new shades of golden brown silk trimmed with kolinsky, with a brown hat to match. Little Eugenie Reynell made a very picturesque flower girl in cherry velvet, with hat to correspond. The best man was Mr. J. H. Liddell and the ushers Messrs. George Faurat, J. C. Gray, E. A. Pollock, B. Gordon, and L. R. Andrews. The reception, which was attended by a large number of friends, was held at the residence of Mrs. John Liddell, 148 Bubbling Well Road, immediately after the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Tolson will be at home after March 1, at 548 Rue Ratard.

RUHR REFLECTIONS.

FAR EAST COAL SUPPLIES.

There is much speculation as to how the possible partial stoppage in the Ruhr will affect the coal supplies of the Far East. The general opinion in coal circles appears to be that if the European demand upon the British mines is materially increased a rise in the price of Welsh coal is inevitable, and that this will be reflected in the South African, Indian, and Japanese markets.

However, it is declared that there is no possibility of a shortage, and that Natal is in a position to supply the deficit in British shipments. It is pointed out that despite the fact that the Indian Government recently raised the embargo on the exportation of coal, little or no Indian coal is likely to find its way to Ceylon until the Ceylon prices are materially reduced, since Natal, quality for quality, is still in a position to under-cut. Last year South Africa supplied more than half the coal imported into Ceylon, and except for the almost negligible quantities received from India, Australia, and Japan, Great Britain supplied the rest. The stocks at Colombo are normal.

More general subjects, which have now been tackled for four years in succession, and will probably continue being tackled until China has a government worthy of the name, are subjects of currency reform, other than China's, and of copyright questions.

FRENCH BOXER INDEMNITY.

PAYMENT BY CHINA.

Peking, February 12. The House of Representatives will hold a special meeting to-morrow to discuss the payment of the French part of the Boxer Indemnity. It is understood that they will urge the Government to pay in paper and not in gold francs. It is understood in this regard that the Chinese and Foreign Governments agreed last July that the payment should be in gold francs. The funds are to be used partly for Sino-French educational purposes and partly for relocating the Banque Industrielle. If the matter is amicably settled the Banque Industrielle will probably open before the end of February. *Reuter*.

GILBERT AND SULLIVAN.

LAST NIGHT'S SHOW.

The question has lately been discussed in the Colony whether the Hongkong public is not apathetic towards good music. To certain kinds of music perhaps the local theatre goes are a little indifferent but to operas such as the Gilbert and Sullivan Opera Company are presenting at the Theatre Royal—the local taste shows keen enthusiasm—if last night's and Saturday night's audiences are to be taken as any criterion.

Last night before a crowded "house," which His Excellency the Governor headed, the J. C. Williamson Ltd. Gilbert and Sullivan Opera Company repeated their wonderful success of Saturday night by presenting "Trial by Jury" and the well known "H.M.S. Pinafore." "Trial by Jury" is funny in the extreme and it caused roars of hearty laughter.

The whole piece was cleverly staged, and all of the artists did full justice to their parts. Mr. Jack Kinson, in particular, scored a distinct success as the learned judge as the plaintiff Grace Crotty also acquitted herself well as a singer, and her counsel, Gordon Ramsey was equally clever in his role. Charles Mettam played the part of defendant much to his and the company's credit, and Roy Workman was never found wanting as the usher.

The other characters were all in capable hands, hence the complete success of the performance.

"H. M. S. Pinafore" is a play that time does not easily wither, indeed it might have come as something new judging from the rounds of applause that were intermittently breaking the spell of silence last night. The story of "H. M. S. Pinafore" is so well known. Jack Kinson was again imitable as the Hon. Sir Joseph Porter, K.C.B. and Elsie Coram, as Josephine, the Captain's daughter, lost none of the scope that was offered her beautiful soprano voice. She was a decided success. Every body was pleased with Captain Corcoran, a part ably sustained by Mr. John Ralston. Victor Prince acted Dick Deadeye, a no mean part, with perfection and Gordon Crocker did justice to his part of Ralph Rastrow.

The part of Little Buttercup, who features largely in "H. M. S. Pinafore" was portrayed splendidly by Miss Christine Lamer whose singing was markedly good. Miss Aileen Pollard took full advantage of the small part she had to play as Hebe, Sir Joseph's first cousin, and last but not the least was Dallas Martin who played Bob Becket very finely.

The like of the stage setting for "H.M.S. Pinafore" has seldom been seen in Hongkong and it would surely be hard to find any one amongst last night's audience who did not thoroughly enjoy himself.

INTERPORT GOLF.

THE HONGKONG TEAM.

The sixth man for the Interport team against Shanghai was chosen at a meeting of the Selection Committee on Monday evening. The team to represent Hongkong is as follows:—A. B. Stewart, H. R. Beckland, Major Gandy, n.c., G. S. Archibut, B. D. Crawford Morgan and R. A. Camidge. Reserves:—E. J. E. Mitchell and R. McAlister Smith.

The match will be played on the Failing Old Course on Tuesday and Wednesday the 20th and 21st inst. respectively. Play will commence each day at 9.30 a.m. and 1.45 p.m.

SPEEDING CHARGE FAILS.

A.P.O. MAN'S SMART DEFENCE.

Pleading "not guilty" to charges of speeding in a controlled area at Chatham Road and with failing to sound his horn when approaching the junction of Cameron and Chatham Roads at 8.15 p.m. on the 2nd Mr. E. C. Bell of the Asiatic Petroleum Co. displayed considerable forensic talent when conducting his own defence at the Police Court to-day before Mr. R. E. Lindell.

Armed with a slide rule, plans of the district drawn carefully to scale and a notebook full of survey data he succeeded, by cross-examination, in getting Sergeant R. Barnshaw, who took out the summons, to contradict himself. By asking first of all what speed he was calculated to be driving at and then how long it took him to round a corner, the distance being 164 yards, he elicited a reply from the Sergeant that he took half a minute to do the 164 yards, this being equivalent to a speed of about 8 miles an hour where the Sergeant had, in evidence, given his estimate as between 15 and 20 miles an hour.

Sergeant Barnshaw also said that the defendant had when rounding the corner, to drive well to the right of the road to avoid five rickshaws going in the same direction. When defendant pulled up he said it was possible that he might have been speeding but it was due to the clutch of the motor cycle slipping.

In the course of his cross-examination, defendant informed the Magistrate that he encountered a ferocious dog near the Grenadiers Mess. He asked the witness a number of questions regarding the distances to and from the road corner signals, the spot where he was standing, the point where he pulled up etc., and succeeded in confusing the Sergeant. After Sergeant Barnshaw had replied that he estimated defendant took at least half a minute to round the corner, a distance of 164 yards, His Worship remarked that there was considerable difference between 8 miles and 15 to 20 miles per hour.

When the second charge, was proceeded with defendant offered the use of his plans to the Court. The Magistrate remarked that he was acquainted with the locality.

Defendant contended that there was nothing in the Regulations relating to the sounding of horns. His Worship pointed out that the new Regulations of 1920 (No. 50) as amended by Government Notification No. 407 in the Gazette of October 7, 1921, explicitly stated that the horn must be sounded when approaching a corner. Defendant stated that as the corner in question was an "open" corner he had a line of sight of 122 feet from centre to centre of the two roads and he did not consider it necessary, especially as he was going at about 8 miles an hour. The Magistrate, however, held the opinion that it was a "blind" corner.

Subsequently defendant contended that the time stated on the summons was wrong but was informed by his Worship that this was immaterial. Mr. Bell was discharged on the charge of speeding and fined \$5 for failing to sound his horn.

An advertisement of interest to members of the V.R.O., who are desirous of competing at the interport regatta to be held on March 17, appears in this issue.

The forthcoming weddings are announced in Shanghai of: Mr. Lewis Hodge Richards, 14 Darroch Road, and Miss Ann G. Yanson, same address; Mr. Walter John Falker of the Chinese Maritime Customs, and Miss Julia MacLaurin, 22 Museum Road.

HONGKONG TIDES.

Tide-tables given below have been compiled at the National Almanac Office from the result of the surveys & observations taken by means of an automatic tide-recording machine in the Victoria Police Basin at Tsim Sha Tsui during the years 1919-20.

February 13 to 19 1923.		Low Water		High Water	
Time	Height	Time	Height	Time	Height
Feb. 13	5.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Feb. 14	5.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Feb. 15	5.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Feb. 16	5.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Feb. 17	5.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Feb. 18	5.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Feb. 19	5.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS AND PASSENGERS.

COLLECTED DEPARTURES.

CHINA COAST, ETC.

Ship	Agent	Destination
Feb. 14—O.S.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 15—O.S.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 16—O.S.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 17—O.S.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 18—O.S.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 19—O.S.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 20—O.S.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 21—O.S.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 22—O.S.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 23—O.S.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 24—O.S.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 25—O.S.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 26—O.S.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 27—O.S.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 28—O.S.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 29—O.S.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 30—O.S.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama

AMOI.

HONGKONG.

SHANGHAI.

Ship	Agent	Destination
Feb. 14—N.Y.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 15—N.Y.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 16—N.Y.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 17—N.Y.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 18—N.Y.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 19—N.Y.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 20—N.Y.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 21—N.Y.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 22—N.Y.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 23—N.Y.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 24—N.Y.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 25—N.Y.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 26—N.Y.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 27—N.Y.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 28—N.Y.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 29—N.Y.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama
Feb. 30—N.Y.K. Sunda Maru	Yokohama	Yokohama

TIENTSIN.

TSINGTAO.

KEELUNG.

HAIPHONG.

HOIHOW.

BANGKOK.

SAIGON.

SINGAPORE.

HONOLULU.

VANCOUVER ETC.

VICTORIA.

SEATTLE.

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Duke of York Lady Elizabeth Bowes Lyon

The engagement has been announced of the Duke of York, second son of the royal family, and Lady Elizabeth Bowes Lyon, daughter of the Earl of Strathmore and Kinghorne.



Crowd at Bywaters trial

Huge crowds sought admission to the trial of Mrs. Edith Thompson and Frederick Bywaters, both of whom have since been hanged for the murder of Percy Thompson, Mrs. Thompson's husband, whom Bywaters stabbed at her instigation.

Mrs. Edith Thompson & husband



Mrs. William C. Story

Seeking investigation of mismanagement charges levelled against her in connection with the National Emergency Relief Society Fund during the war.



Recent London conference. M. Raymond Poincare, Premier of France; Mr. Andrew Bonar Law, Premier of England; Signor Benito Mussolini, Premier of Italy, and M. Theunis, Premier of Belgium.



New Greek Cabinet

The new Greek Cabinet, formed after the abdication of King Constantine and the accession to the throne of King George. In the front row, left to right: Mr. Doxiades, Minister for Refugees Relief; General Maymichaelis, Minister of the Interior; G. S. deris, Minister of Agriculture; Premier Gouatas, Leader of the Revolutionist Committee; Mr. Prokas, Minister of Finance; General Pighalos, Minister of War. In the second row, left to right, Mr. Siotis, Minister of Education, Colonel Sakellatopoulos, Minister of Communications; Mr. Bantis, Minister of Justice. In the back is G. Embrikos, Minister of Commerce.



Major E. Daly & Captain J. H. Dawson

Major E. Daly and Captain J. H. Dawson, members of the American Relief Administration, have returned from Russia, recalled by the War Department.



The Earl of Carnarvon's great discovery of the 3,000-year-old treasure tomb of King Tutankhamen, in the Valley of the Kings, Egypt. The party is shown standing at the steps to the tomb, while a general view of the spot is also shown. In the chambers of the tomb more than £1,000,000 worth of art treasures, gold and precious stones have been discovered.



Detroit has been startled by the sensational developments in the divorce suit of Mrs. Marie Byerson, artist's model and "Queen of the Chalet de Arts," against Albert W. Byerson, wealthy publisher. Mrs. Byerson alleges that she agreed to a trial marriage of 30 days, in which Byerson vowed he would make her love him, or leave her. Finding he was failing, he resorted to beating. She left him in 29 days.

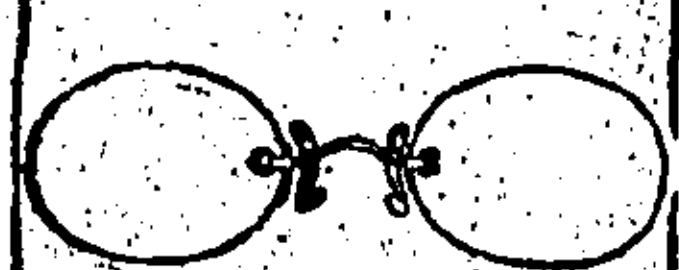
We Carry a Complete Line of STATIONERY REQUISITES for OFFICE and HOME.

Don't BELIEVE US but come see for Yourself.

DER. A. WING & CO., 60, Des Vœux Road Central, Hongkong.

EYES RIGHT

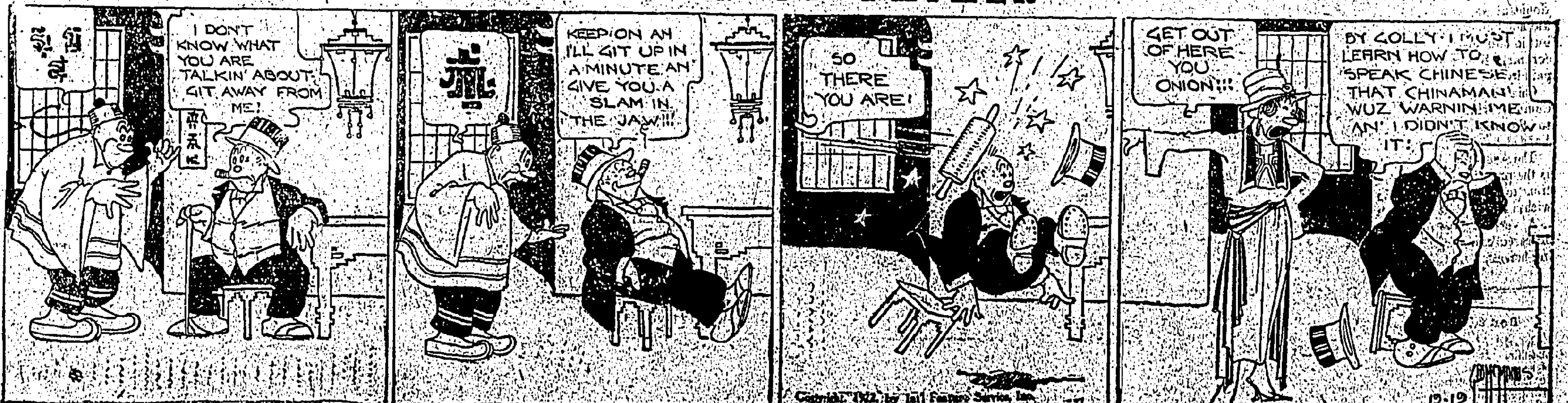
If not consult the
CHINESE OPTICAL CO.
67 Queen's Road Central.



The house recommended by
many local doctors for its
accuracy and cheapness.

SEE US THEN, SEE.

BRINGING UP FATHER



EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

UNDERGROUND RAILWAYS FOR TOKYO.

New York, February 11. A Foundation Company of New York, having secured the preliminary contract for the construction of underground railways in Tokyo, involving a preliminary expenditure of \$2,000,000 which will ultimately amount to \$8,000,000, negotiations are now proceeding for financing the enterprise in New York, but competition is said to be keen and there is even a chance that London will supply the funds. The company admits that it may have to raise capital there, but points out that, in that event, orders for machinery and other supplies also would be placed with British houses.

EX-EMPEROR LIL.

PEKING, February 12. The ex-Emperor is indisposed.

FIGHTING AT SZECHUAN.

PEKING, February 12. Fighting has broken out in Szechuan, the amalgamated forces of General Tan Hsi Hsiang, Tung Mao Hsin, and Yang Sen being opposed to those of General Liu Cheng Hsun at Luchunhsien, Fushunhsien and to the south of Chungking, but the result has not been reported. The latter General's position is further threatened by General Liu Tsin Hsi, a former Szechuan Tschun, who is advancing from Shensi.

"DO NOT BURY ME."

PATHEIC SUICIDE STORY.

RUSSIAN WOMAN'S LEGACY OF HER BODY.

"Do not bury me, but ring up Dr. Birt, so that he may use my body for scientific study." This was the remarkable request made in a farewell letter read by Mr. Ivanoff and Magistrate Tseung at the Shanghai Mixed Court inquest on A. Rosna Lanskaya, whose body was found hanging from her bed at 261 Broadway, the circumstances pointing to suicide.

Chief Inspector O'Toole stated that deceased had evidently been driven to take her life through illness and poverty. A few days previously she had expressed a desire to a French detective to commit suicide. She was 45 years of age, had no relatives, and it was believed that she had once worked at the Bureau of Russian Affairs. The police found a letter, obviously written by her, and addressed to a Vladimir Lati, on the table of her room. The letter read: "Everything is false, white, yellow, red, black. Everything is a trifle. Why did you cause me to pretend? That was not fair of you. You know I am very sick and tired of everything, and want a rest from all. Lanskaya was never in goal, and never will be. She can always die. Do you think it is easy? I have been carrying a long time until I decided to die because I love life too much. But now I can die everything. Even my shame if I have been able to overcome. To-morrow I will feel nothing. Do not bury me, but ring up Dr. Birt so that he may use my body for scientific study and as he was unable to find out the illness I was suffering from, I may be of some use. If Dr. Birt is not at home, ring up the hospital. Good-bye. Do not think of me with any bad feeling. If there is another life we will meet again. If not, what then? Daybreak is nearing. I wish you all luck, Lanti. Good-bye.

The deceased, proceeded the Inspector, committed suicide between 12 midnight and 9 a.m. on Thursday morning. No papers which could establish her nationality were found among the deceased's effects.

The Assessor expressed himself as doubtful as to her nationality. He did not believe that she was Russian, but in the absence of evidence to the contrary funeral expenses would be paid by the Municipal Council.

Chief Inspector O'Toole—Has the Court anything to say with reference to the request that her body be handed over to Dr. Birt?

The Assessor—I do not know what is the practice here. I have no objection to his taking her body if he wishes to.

A verdict was returned that the deceased came to her death by hanging herself.

Don't Risk Pneumonia.

Get rid of every cold as quickly as possible. It is the forerunner of all pulmonary trouble, and pneumonia may develop in a few hours. Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is a simple thing to do, but the effect is marvellous. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

HONGKONG'S MUSICAL TASTE.

A SHANGHAI COMMENT.

Judging by comments appearing in the papers there, says the N.C. Daily News, Hongkong gave a poor reception to Mr. Godowski, the wonderful pianist who was here so recently, and this fact has led to certain comments upon Hongkong's ability to appreciate music or, on the other hand, its apathy towards music. On this subject a letter appears in the Hongkong Daily Press which, because of certain statements, demands our attention. The writer says that a musical performance attracts an audience on account of the instrument to be used, the type of music to be performed, or on account of the performer. Then continues the writer—

With regard to the instrument to be used, it seems obvious that the average Briton is not attracted by the piano. This is hardly surprising, seeing that he is extremely fond of melody and the piano is not essentially a melodic instrument. Stringed instruments and the human voice are essentially melodic, hence the British preference for a string or vocal performance. The tendency will be then, that a piano performance will be found dull unless the pianist plays well enough—and very few do—to "get" a melody. It seems hardly fair to rate a community as apathetic with regard to music on the ground that the community dislike a particular instrument.

We trust that this does not represent current opinion in Hongkong, else musical culture in that quarter must be in a bad way. What of the thousands that flock to hear Paderewski or Pachmann when they visit Great Britain, and revel in their music? Their numbers are at least as great as any violinist can attract. Then again, more than half the children in England who are taught music are brought up on the piano, which hardly suggests that the Briton is not attracted by it. As for the piano not being a melodic instrument—shades of Chopin and Liszt, then what is it?

SHADOWS BEFORE.

COMING EVENTS ADVERTISED IN THE "MAIL."

ENTERTAINMENTS.

February 13.—Coronet Theatre; "The Predigal Judge," World Theatre; Joyful Bebe Daniels in "The March Hare," Kowloon Theatre; Cabaret Dance 9 p.m.
February 14.—Theatre Royal, Gilbert and Sullivan Opera Co., "Pirates of Penzance."
February 14-15.—Theatre Royal, Gilbert and Sullivan Opera Co., "The Yeoman of the Guard."
February 15.—Theatre Royal, Gilbert and Sullivan Opera Co., "Iolanthe."

PUBLIC AUCTION.

February 26-27.—Lammert Bros., valuable household furniture and curios belonging to the estate of the late Mr. R. A. Gubbay, at "Uibank," No. 2 May Road, 2.45 p.m.

SPORTING EVENTS.

February 17.—Hongkong Football Association Interport Game, Hongkong v. Shanghai. Kick-off 4 p.m.
February 17.—Hongkong Football Association Interport Game, South China v. Shanghai. Kick-off 4 p.m.
February 19.—St. Andrew's Church Men's Association Annual Marathon Race at 4 p.m.
February 28.—First day of Jockey Club's race meeting.
March 1.—Second day of Jockey Club's race meeting.
March 2.—Third day of Jockey Club's race meeting.
March 3.—Fourth day of Jockey Club's race meeting.

COMPANY MEETINGS.

February 15.—Union Waterboat Co., Ltd., 18th annual meeting, Dowell and Co.'s office, 11.30 a.m.
February 20.—36th Annual meeting of shareholders of Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., at the offices of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., at noon.
February 23.—34th ordinary annual meeting of Green Island Cement Co., Ltd., at St. George's Buildings, at 11 a.m.
February 24.—Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, ordinary yearly meeting, City Hall, noon.

OTHER MEETING.

February 14.—Marine Engineers' Guild, monthly meeting, Guild Office, 6 p.m.

FLOWER SHOW.

February 22.—Annual flower and vegetable show of the Hongkong Horticultural Society.

BANKS.

ASIA BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE NEW YORK

Operating under Supervision of the Banking Department of the State of New York and the Federal Reserve Bank.

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BRANCHES:

Shanghai Peking Hankow Hongkong
Canton Singapore Manila San Francisco Yokohama

D. M. BIGGAR, Manager.

EXCHANGE.

Hongkong, February 13, 1923.

On London ... 99-1/2
On Paris ... 99-1/2
On New York ... 100-1/2
On Bombay ... 100-1/2
On Calcutta ... 100-1/2
On Singapore ... 100-1/2
On Manila ... 100-1/2
On Shanghai ... 100-1/2
On Yokohama ... 100-1/2
On Gold Coast ... 100-1/2
On Silver ... 100-1/2

SUBSIDIARY COINS.

Hongkong 10 cents sub. ... 100
Canton 10 cents sub. ... 100
Bar Silver in Hongkong ... 7 1/2 p.m.
Chinese Copper Cash ... 6 p.m.
Chinese Copper Cents ... 6 p.m.
Rate of Native Interest ... 6 p.m.
Chinese Sub. Coin ... 2 1/2 p.m.
Hongkong Sub. Coin ... 1 p.m.

NOTICE.

PEAK TRAMWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.
7.30 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. every 15 minutes
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. " 10 " 15
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. " 15 " 15
11.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon " 15 " 15
12.00 noon to 2.00 p.m. " 15 " 15
2.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. " 15 " 15
4.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. " 10 " 10
NIGHT GARS.
8.30 p.m. to 9.00 p.m. every 30 minutes
9.00 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. every 15 minutes
11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every 15 minutes
SATURDAYS.
Extra Car—12 midnight.
SUNDAYS.
7.00 a.m. to 7.10 a.m. every 15 minutes
7.10 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. " 10 " 15
8.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. " 15 " 15
11.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon " 15 " 15
12.00 noon to 2.00 p.m. " 15 " 15
2.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. " 15 " 15
4.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. " 10 " 10
NIGHT GARS.
8.30 p.m. to 9.00 p.m. every 30 minutes
9.00 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. every 15 minutes
11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every 15 minutes

SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the Company's Office, Alexandra Buildings, De Voeux Road Central.
Season and picnic dates available for all cars not all ready full running at the time stated in the Company's time tables, but not for special cars, can be obtained on application at the Company's Office. No season tickets will be issued until payment therefor has been made in Bank Notes or by Cheques or Comprehension order representing Bank Notes.
JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON, General Managers.

LOCAL SHARE MARKET.

HONGKONG, FEBRUARY 13th, 1923.

OFFICIAL QUOTATIONS.

11 A.M.

Names.		Stock Exchange.	Sharebrokers Association.
banks.			
H.B.O. T.T. selling rate	on London ...	99 1/2	99 1/2
and on Shanghai ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Hongkong Bank ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
do. New ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
East Asia Bank ...	100 n.	100 n.	100
Marine Insurance ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Union Insurance ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
North China Insurance ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Union Insurance ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Yangtze Insurance ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Far Eastern ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Fire Insurance ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Hongkong Fire Insurance ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Shipping ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
China Steam Navigation ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
do-Chinas (Pref.) ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
do. (Del.) ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Maritime Transport ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Far Eastern ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Marine Insurance ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
China Sugar ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Malacca Sugar ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Miner ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Kailan Mining Adm. ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Langkat ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Shanghai Loans ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Shai Explorations ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Rail ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Tonghai Mines ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Ural Caspian ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Benguet Con. ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Docks, Wharves, Godowns, &c.	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
H. & K. Wharves ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
H. & W. Dock ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Shai Docks ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
New Engineering ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
N.K. Engineering ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Shanghai Hongkong ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Lands, Hotels & Buildings	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Central Estates ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Hongkong Hotels ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Hongkong Lands ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Humphreys ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Kowloon Lands ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Yach Reclamation ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Water ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Shell Transport ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Star Forties ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Refineries	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
China Sugar ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Malacca Sugar ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Miner ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Kailan Mining Adm. ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Langkat ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Shanghai Loans ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Shai Explorations ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Rail ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Tonghai Mines ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Ural Caspian ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Benguet Con. ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Docks, Wharves, Godowns, &c.	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
H. & K. Wharves ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
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Central Estates ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Hongkong Hotels ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Hongkong Lands ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
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Kowloon Lands ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Yach Reclamation ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
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Kailan Mining Adm. ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
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Miner ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
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Rail ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Tonghai Mines ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Ural Caspian ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Benguet Con. ...	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Docks, Wharves, Godowns, &c.	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
H. & K. Wharves ...	99		

